DeKalb County School District/Elementary Schools

Vanderlyn Elementary

School Assessment Report
May 20, 2016



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School Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Gross Area (SF): 59,801 Year Built: 1973 Last Renovation: 2001 Replacement Value: \$13,893,332 Repair Cost: \$3,630,981.07 Total FCI: 26.13 % Total RSLI: 47.75 % FCA Score: 73.87



Description:

The Vanderlyn Elementary School campus consists of two buildings located at 1877 Vanderlyn Drive in Dunwoody, Georgia. The original campus was constructed in 1973, an addition to the main school building was constructed in 1978, and a gymnasium building was constructed in 2003. In addition to these buildings, the campus contains storage buildings, covered walkways, and a playground. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for each building and site improvement on the campus.

Attributes:

General Attribut	oc:

Assigned Region: Region 1 Board District: District 1
DOE Facility: 173 Geographic Region: Region 1

HS Attendance Area: Dunwoody HS Jurisdictional City: City of Dunwoody

Site Acreage: 8.9

School Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

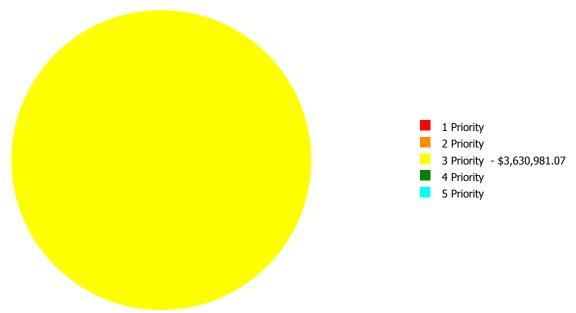
Current Investment Requirement and Condition by Uniformat Classification

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI%	FCI %	Current Repair
A10 - Foundations	61.34 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	67.28 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	44.09 %	31.83 %	\$453,505.00
B30 - Roofing	78.11 %	2.47 %	\$29,998.00
C10 - Interior Construction	54.28 %	13.38 %	\$102,240.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	45.27 %	6.68 %	\$118,624.00
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	53.58 %	35.63 %	\$536,942.97
D30 - HVAC	67.99 %	3.23 %	\$70,201.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	28.01 %	59.01 %	\$854,563.00
E10 - Equipment	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$481,150.00
E20 - Furnishings	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$315,865.00
F10 - Special Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G20 - Site Improvements	31.36 %	38.59 %	\$374,508.38
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	14.29 %	11.74 %	\$51,309.26
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$242,074.46
Totals:	47.75 %	26.13 %	\$3,630,981.07

Condition Deficiency Priority

Facility Name	Gross Area (S.F.)	FCI %	1 Priority	2 Priority	3 Priority	4 Priority	5 Priority
1973, 1978 Building	53,473	24.89	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,806,119.97	\$0.00	\$0.00
2003 Gym	5,478	17.28	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$156,969.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
2003 Storage Building 1	700	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
2003 Storage Building 2	150	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Site	59,801	41.03	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$667,892.10	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:		26.13	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,630,981.07	\$0.00	\$0.00

Deficiencies By Priority



Budget Estimate Total: \$3,630,981.07

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary School
Gross Area (SF):	53,473
Year Built:	1973
Last Renovation:	2001
Replacement Value:	\$11,274,751
Repair Cost:	\$2,806,119.97
Total FCI:	24.89 %
Total RSLI:	50.02 %



FCA Score: **Description:**

The main building at Vanderlyn Elementary School is a one-story building located at 1877 Vanderlyn Drive in Dunwoody, Georgia. Originally built in 1973, there has been one addition in 1978, and a variety of renovations since 2001, including flooring, ceiling, electrical, HVAC, and plumbing. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

75.11

Attributes:

General	Attributes:

Building Codes: 2010, 2011 Fire Sprinkler System: Partial

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	58.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	58.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	39.16 %	35.74 %	\$453,505.00
B30 - Roofing	78.08 %	2.64 %	\$29,998.00
C10 - Interior Construction	50.52 %	15.68 %	\$102,240.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	47.01 %	2.98 %	\$49,994.00
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	53.16 %	37.96 %	\$536,942.97
D30 - HVAC	70.40 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	26.95 %	61.87 %	\$836,425.00
E10 - Equipment	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$481,150.00
E20 - Furnishings	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$315,865.00
F10 - Special Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	50.02 %	24.89 %	\$2,806,119.97

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). North Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



2). West Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



3). South Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



4). East Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System						Year	Calc Next Renewal	Next Renewal						Replacement
Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Installed	Year	Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$6.49 S		53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$347,040
A1020	Special Foundations	\$0.00 S		0	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$7.09 S		53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$379,124
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00 S		0	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00 S		0	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$0
B1010	Floor Construction	\$0.00 S	.F.	0	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$5.34 S	.F.	53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$285,546
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$16.02 S		53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$856,637
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$6.79 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$399,390.00	\$363,082
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.92 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$54,115.00	\$49,195
B3010	Roof Coverings - Asphal Shingles	\$0.00 S	i.F.	0	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	0.00 %	-32			\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - BUR	\$20.70 S	i.F.	53,473	25	2010	2035		80.00 %	0.00 %	20			\$1,106,891
B3010	Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0.00 S	.F.	0	15	1973	1988		0.00 %	0.00 %	-27			\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0.00 S	i.F.	0	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0.00 S	.F.	0	75	1973	2048		44.00 %	0.00 %	33			\$0
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.51 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$29,998.00	\$27,271
C1010	Partitions	\$7.01 S	.F.	53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$374,846
C1020	Interior Doors	\$2.39 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	80.00 %	-12		\$102,240.00	\$127,800
C1030	Fittings	\$2.79 S	.F.	53,473	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$149,190
C2010	Stair Construction	\$0.00 S	i.F.	53,473	100	1973	2073		58.00 %	0.00 %	58			\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$10.27 S	.F.	5,347	30	1973	2003	2020	16.67 %	0.00 %	5			\$54,914
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$1.93 S	.F.	48,126	10	2010	2020		50.00 %	0.00 %	5			\$92,883
C3010	Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0.00 S	.F.	0	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	0.00 %	-32			\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$8.50 S	.F.	5,347	8	2002	2010		0.00 %	110.00 %	-5		\$49,994.00	\$45,450
C3020	Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$14.49 S	.F.	5,348	50	1973	2023		16.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$77,493
C3020	Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$53.01 S	.F.	10,695	50	1973	2023		16.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$566,942
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$9.54 S	i.F.	32,083	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$306,072
C3020	Floor Finishes - Wood	\$0.00 S	i.F.	0	20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$9.98 S	i.F.	53,473	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$533,661
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$0.00 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$17.66 S	.F.	53,473	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	8.21 %	15		\$77,556.97	\$944,333
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$3.99 S	.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$234,693.00	\$213,357
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$3.41 S	i.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$200,577.00	\$182,343
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.98 S	.F.	53,473	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.00 %	25			\$52,404

School Assessment Report - 1973, 1978 Building

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.41	S.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$24,116.00	\$21,924
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$4.55	S.F.	0	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$4.73	S.F.	0	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
D3040	Distribution & Exhaust Systems	\$5.51	S.F.	53,473	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.00 %	25			\$294,636
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$27.81	S.F.	53,473	15	2010	2025		66.67 %	0.00 %	10			\$1,487,084
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$3.60	S.F.	53,473	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$192,503
D3090	Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$1.23	S.F.	53,473	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.00 %	25			\$65,772
D4010	Sprinklers	\$4.75	S.F.	0	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
D4020	Standpipes	\$0.51	S.F.	0	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	0.00 %	-12			\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$1.81	S.F.	53,473	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.00 %	25			\$96,786
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$6.78	S.F.	53,473	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$398,802.00	\$362,547
D5020	Lighting	\$8.90	S.F.	53,473	30	2002	2032		56.67 %	0.00 %	17			\$475,910
D5030	Communications and Security - Clock & PA Systems	\$5.60	S.F.	53,473	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	110.00 %	-32		\$329,394.00	\$299,449
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$1.23	S.F.	53,473	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	110.00 %	-32		\$72,349.00	\$65,772
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0.61	S.F.	53,473	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	110.00 %	-32		\$35,880.00	\$32,619
D5090	Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0.35	S.F.	53,473	20	2010	2030		75.00 %	0.00 %	15			\$18,716
E1010	Commercial Equipment	\$7.92	S.F.	0	20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$0.40	S.F.	0	20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
E1090	Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$8.18	S.F.	53,473	20	1973	1993		0.00 %	110.00 %	-22		\$481,150.00	\$437,409
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$5.37	S.F.	53,473	20	1973	1993		0.00 %	110.00 %	-22		\$315,865.00	\$287,150
F1010	Special Structures - Canopies	\$1.61	S.F.	0	25	1973	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
								Total	50.02 %	24.89 %			\$2,806,119.97	\$11,274,751

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$2,806,120	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$188,470	\$0	\$0	\$961,316	\$0	\$2,786,498	\$6,742,404
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1020 - Special Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$399,390	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$399,390
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$54,115	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$54,115
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Asphal Shingles	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - BUR	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$29,998	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$29,998
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

School Assessment Report - 1973, 1978 Building

C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$102,240	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$102,240
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,026	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,026
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$118,444	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$118,444
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$49,994	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$63,331	\$0	\$0	\$113,325
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$107,982	\$0	\$0	\$107,982
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$790,003	\$0	\$0	\$790,003
C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Wood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$77,557	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$77,557
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$234,693	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$234,693
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$200,577	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$200,577
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$24,116	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,116
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution & Exhaust Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,198,369	\$2,198,369
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3090 - Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

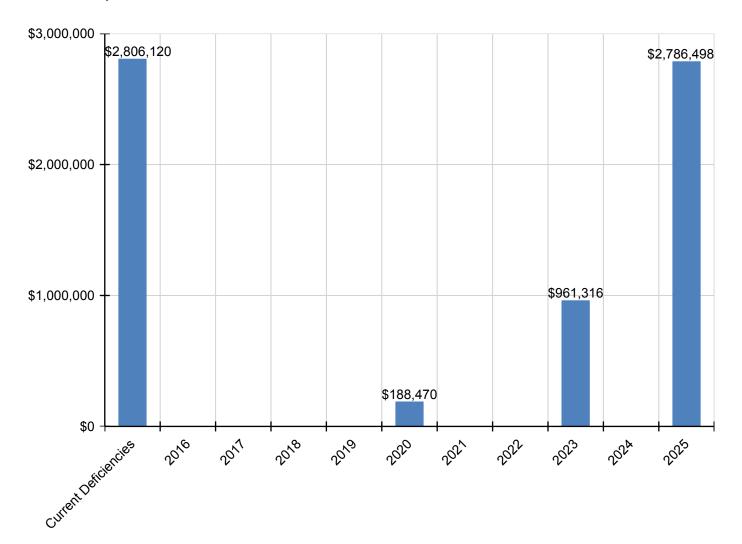
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D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$398,802	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$398,802
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5030 - Communications and Security - Clock & PA Systems	\$329,394	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$442,678	\$772,072
D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$72,349	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$97,231	\$169,580
D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$35,880	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$48,220	\$84,100
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1010 - Commercial Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1090 - Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$481,150	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$481,150
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$315,865	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$315,865
F - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F10 - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F1010 - Special Structures - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

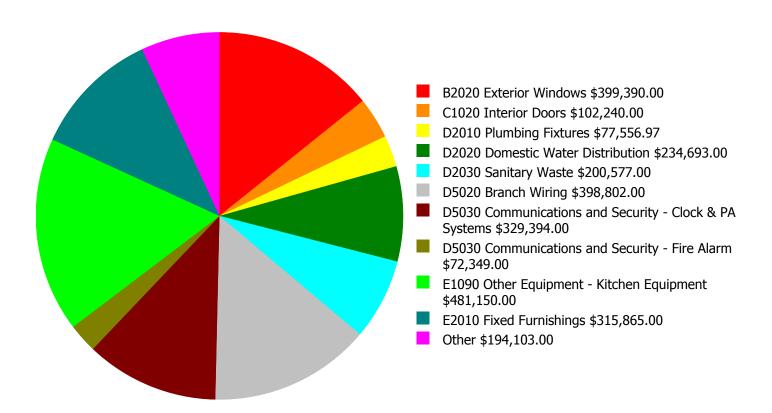
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

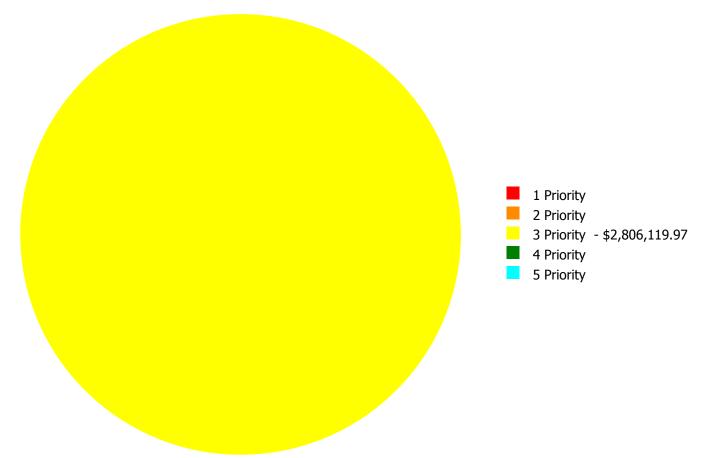
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,806,119.97

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,806,119.97

Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

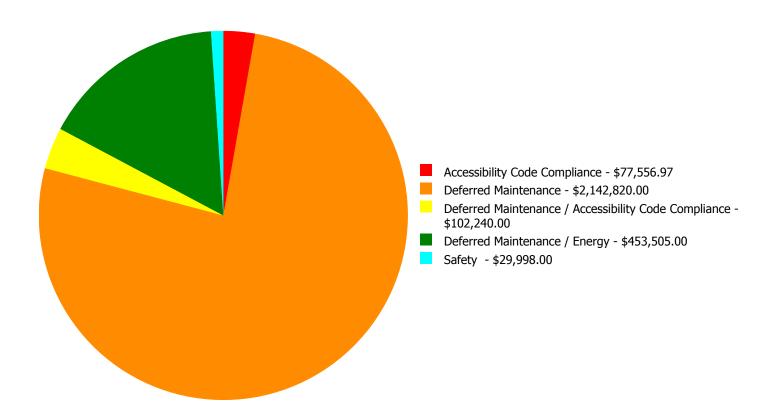
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$399,390.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$399,390.00
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$54,115.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$54,115.00
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$29,998.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$29,998.00
C1020	Interior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$102,240.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$102,240.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$49,994.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$49,994.00
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$77,556.97	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$77,556.97
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$234,693.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$234,693.00
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$200,577.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$200,577.00
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$24,116.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$24,116.00
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$398,802.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$398,802.00
D5030	Communications and Security - Clock & PA Systems	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$329,394.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$329,394.00
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$72,349.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$72,349.00
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$35,880.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$35,880.00
E1090	Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$481,150.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$481,150.00
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$315,865.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$315,865.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,806,119.97	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,806,119.97

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,806,119.97

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: B2020 - Exterior Windows



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Energy

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$399,390.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The exterior window system is original construction, beyond it expected service life, and should be replaced.

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Energy

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$54,115.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The exterior door system is original, beyond its expected service life, and should be replaced.

System: B3020 - Roof Openings



Location: Roof

Distress: Missing

Category: Safety

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$29,998.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: There is no safe roof access for maintenance personnel. Recommend installation of an OSHA-compliant roof hatch/ladder system for safe access.

System: C1020 - Interior Doors



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Accessibility Code

Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$102,240.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The interior doors are original, beyond their expected service life, not ADA compliant, and should be replaced.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet



Location: Media Center, Offices

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 5,347.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$49,994.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The carpet is beyond its expected service life, worn, and should be replaced.

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Hallways

Distress: Needs Remediation

Category: Accessibility Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Add ADA compliant rest room.

Qty: 2.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$60,455.95

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/17/2015

Notes: The student restrooms are not ADA compliant. Construct one each boys and girls restrooms that meet ADA requirements. SPLOST project 133-422 to provide minor bathroom renovations for ADA compliance.

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Hallways

Distress: Needs Remediation

Category: Accessibility Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Remove/replace drinking fountain w/recessed

ADA compliant drinking fountain

Qty: 3.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$17,101.02

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/17/2015

Notes: Water fountains protrude into the hallway more than four inches. Protrusion is not ADA compliant if more than four inches.

System: D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$234,693.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The domestic water distribution system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D2030 - Sanitary Waste



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$200,577.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The sanitary waste system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$24,116.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The natural gas system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement. SPLOST project 133-422 to replace grease trap and backflow preventer.

System: D5020 - Branch Wiring



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

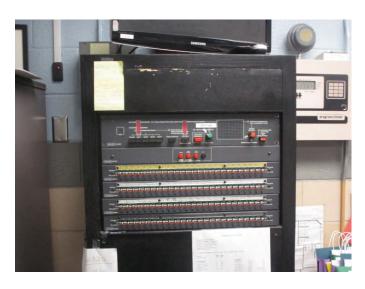
Estimate: \$398,802.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The branch wiring system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D5030 - Communications and Security - Clock & PA Systems



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$329,394.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: Clock and PA systems are beyond their expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$72,349.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The fire alarm system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$35,880.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The security and CCTV systems are beyond their expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: E1090 - Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment



Location: Kitchen

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$481,150.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: Kitchen equipment is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement. SPLOST project 133-422 to evaluate kitchen equipment and replace as necessary.

System: E2010 - Fixed Furnishings



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 53,473.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$315,865.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: Fixed furnishings, such as built-in cabinets, are beyond their expected service life and worn, and should be replaced.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary School
Gross Area (SF):	5,478
Year Built:	2003
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$908,441
Repair Cost:	\$156,969.00
Total FCI:	17.28 %
Total RSLI:	62.40 %
FCA Score:	82.72



Description:

The 2003 gymnasium building at Vanderlyn Elementary School is a one-story building located at 1877 Vanderlyn Drive in Dunwoody, Georgia. There have been no additions and no major renovations to this building. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:			
Building Codes:	2020	Fire Sprinkler System: No	

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	88.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	88.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	85.42 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	76.16 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	15.70 %	69.47 %	\$68,630.00
D20 - Plumbing	60.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	30.85 %	53.04 %	\$70,201.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	40.59 %	21.21 %	\$18,138.00
Totals:	62.40 %	17.28 %	\$156,969.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). North Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



2). West Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



3). South Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



4). East Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$9.34	S.F.	5,478	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$51,165
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$6.21	S.F.	5,478	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$34,018
B1020	Roof Construction	\$21.36	S.F.	5,478	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$117,010
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$19.80	S.F.	5,478	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$108,464
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$2.01	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$11,011
B3010	Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$11.91	S.F.	5,478	75	2003	2078		84.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$65,243
C1010	Partitions	\$12.78	S.F.	5,478	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$70,009
C1020	Interior Doors	\$4.24	S.F.	5,478	40	2003	2043		70.00 %	0.00 %	28			\$23,227
C1030	Fittings	\$3.46	S.F.	5,478	20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$18,954
C3010	Wall Finishes - Ceramic	\$6.65	S.F.	548	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$3,644
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$1.41	S.F.	4,930	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-2		\$7,646.00	\$6,951
C3020	Floor Finishes - Ceramic Tile	\$6.67	S.F.	548	50	2003	2053		76.00 %	0.00 %	38			\$3,655
C3020	Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$14.46	S.F.	3,834	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-2		\$60,984.00	\$55,440
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$5.01	S.F.	1,096	15	2003	2018		20.00 %	0.00 %	3			\$5,491
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$4.31	S.F.	5,478	20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$23,610
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$9.66	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$52,917
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$5.85	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$32,046
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$0.87	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$4,766
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.22	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$1,205
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.32	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$1,753
D3040	Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$12.25	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$67,106
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$11.65	S.F.	5,478	15	2003	2018	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$70,201.00	\$63,819
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$0.26	S.F.	5,478	20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$1,424
D4010	Sprinklers	\$3.84	S.F.	0	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$1.24	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$6,793
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$5.24	S.F.	5,478	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$28,705
D5020	Lighting	\$5.24	S.F.	5,478	20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$28,705
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$2.13	S.F.	5,478	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-2		\$12,835.00	\$11,668
D5030	Communications and Security - Public Address & Clock System	\$0.88	S.F.	5,478	20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$4,821
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0.88	S.F.	5,478	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-2		\$5,303.00	\$4,821
								Total	62.40 %	17.28 %			\$156,969.00	\$908,441

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$156,969	\$0	\$0	\$6,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$108,011	\$0	\$116,609	\$388,189
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26,411	\$0	\$0	\$26,411
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Ceramic	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint	\$7,646	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,276	\$17,922
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Ceramic Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$60,984	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$81,957	\$142,941
C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,600
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$32,899	\$0	\$0	\$32,899
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

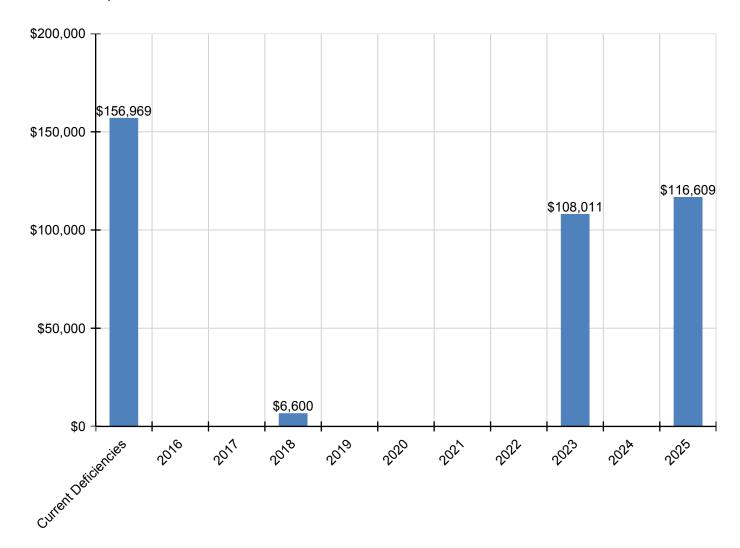
School Assessment Report - 2003 Gym

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D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$70,201	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$70,201
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,985	\$0	\$0	\$1,985
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$39,998	\$0	\$0	\$39,998
D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$12,835	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,249	\$30,084
D5030 - Communications and Security - Public Address & Clock System	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,718	\$0	\$0	\$6,718
D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$5,303	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,127	\$12,430

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

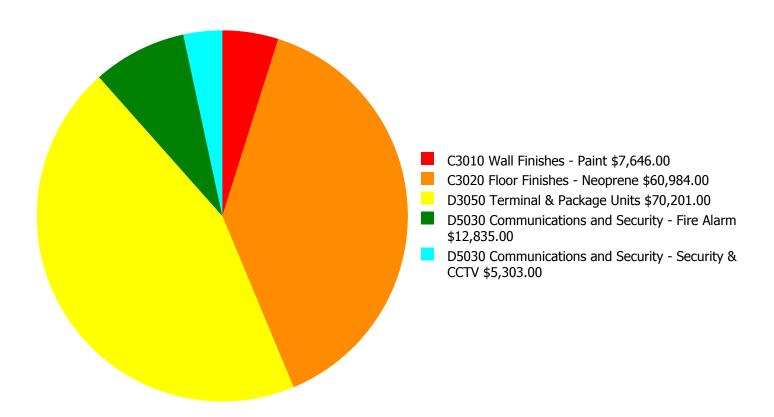
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

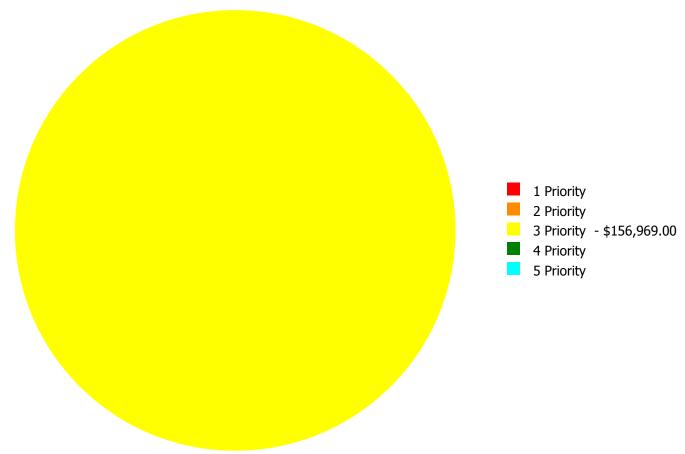
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$156,969.00

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

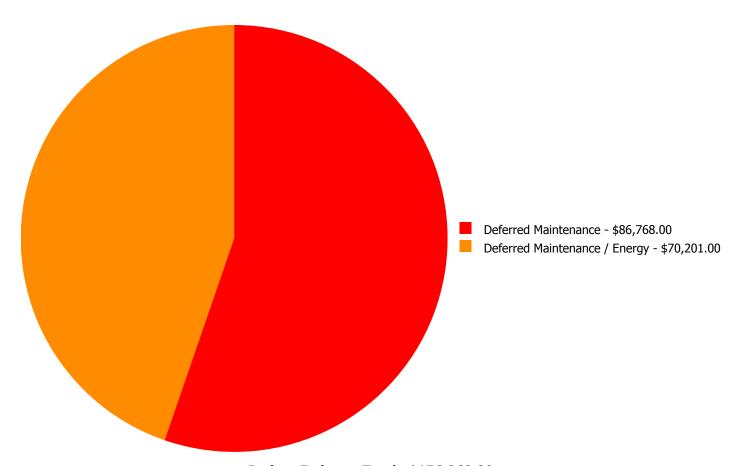
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,646.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,646.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$60,984.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$60,984.00
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$70,201.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$70,201.00
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,835.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,835.00
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$5,303.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$5,303.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$156,969.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$156,969.00

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$156,969.00

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 4,930.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$7,646.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The painted wall finishes are beyond their expected service life, dirty, and should be replaced.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - Neoprene



Location: Basketball Court

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 3,834.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$60,984.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: The athletic floor covering is beyond its expected service life, delaminating, and should be replaced.

System: D3050 - Terminal & Package Units



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Inadequate

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Energy

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 5,478.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$70,201.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: One PTAC AC unit is located in the office area of the gym. It is nearing the end of its expected service life. The main gym area does not have air conditioning and it should be provided.

System: D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 5,478.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$12,835.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The fire alarm system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 5,478.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$5,303.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The security and CCTV systems are beyond their expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary School
Gross Area (SF):	700
Year Built:	2003
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$69,818
Repair Cost:	\$0.00
Total FCI:	0.00 %
Total RSLI:	77.71 %
FCA Score:	100.00



Description:

Storage building 1 at Vanderlyn Elementary School is a one-story building located at 1877 Vanderlyn Drive in Dunwoody, Georgia. Originally built in 2003, there have been no additions and no renovations to this building. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	88.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	88.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	85.23 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	60.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	60.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	77.71 %	0.00 %	\$0.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). North Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



2). West Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



3). South Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



4). East Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$4.49	S.F.	700	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$3,143
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.60	S.F.	700	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$2,520
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.		100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.		100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$16.33	S.F.	700	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$11,431
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$38.65	S.F.	700	100	2003	2103		88.00 %	0.00 %	88			\$27,055
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$4.87	S.F.		30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$0
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$4.25	S.F.	700	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$2,975
B3010	Roof Coverings	\$16.79	S.F.	700	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$11,753
C1010	Partitions	\$13.04	S.F.		40	2003	2043		70.00 %	0.00 %	28			\$0
C1020	Interior Doors	\$2.61	S.F.		30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$0
C1030	Fittings	\$0.00	S.F.		20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes	\$1.61	S.F.		20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes	\$6.58	S.F.		20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$6.06	S.F.		20	2003	2023		40.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$0
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$1.55	S.F.		30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$3.06	S.F.	700	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$2,142
D5020	Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$12.57	S.F.	700	30	2003	2033		60.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$8,799
	Total											·		\$69,818

Renewal Schedule

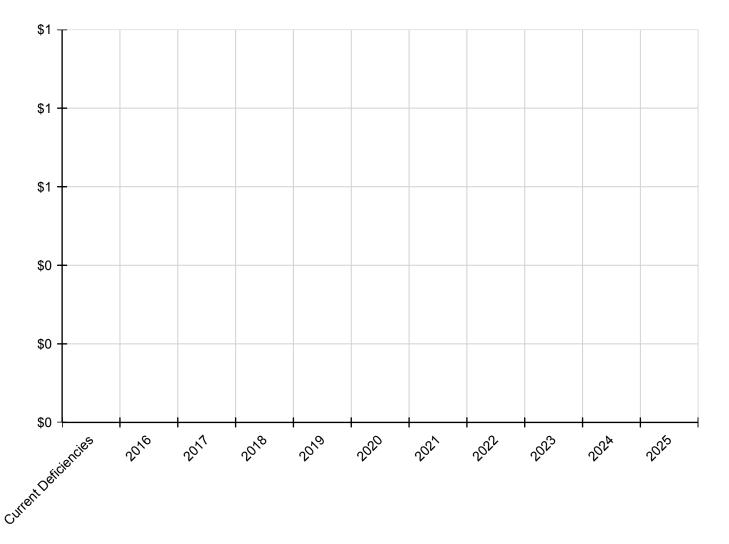
eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary School
Gross Area (SF):	150
Year Built:	1978
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$12,662
Repair Cost:	\$0.00
Total FCI:	0.00 %
Total RSLI:	52.94 %



FCA Score: **Description:**

Storage building 2 at Vanderlyn Elementary School is a one-story building located at 1877 Vanderlyn Drive in Dunwoody, Georgia. Originally built in 2003, there have been no additions and no renovations to this building. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

100.00

Attributes:

General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	63.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	63.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	58.13 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	25.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	52.95 %	0.00 %	\$0.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). West Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



2). South Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



3). East Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



4). North Elevation - Jul 07, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed		Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$4.49	S.F.	150	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$674
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.60	S.F.	150	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$540
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.	0	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.	0	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$16.33	S.F.	150	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$2,450
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$38.65	S.F.	150	100	1978	2078		63.00 %	0.00 %	63			\$5,798
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$0.00	S.F.	0	30	1978	2008		0.00 %	0.00 %	-7			\$0
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$4.54	S.F.	150	30	1978	2008	2020	16.67 %	0.00 %	5			\$681
B3010	Roof Coverings	\$16.79	S.F.	150	20	1978	1998	2020	25.00 %	0.00 %	5			\$2,519
C1010	Partitions	\$0.00	S.F.	0	40	1978	2018		7.50 %	0.00 %	3			\$0
C1020	Interior Doors	\$0.00	S.F.	0	30	1978	2008		0.00 %	0.00 %	-7			\$0
C1030	Fittings	\$0.00	S.F.	0	20	1978	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes	\$1.61	S.F.	0	20	1978	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.	0	20	1978	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.	0	20	1978	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$1.55	S.F.	0	30	1978	2008		0.00 %	0.00 %	-7			\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0.00	S.F.		30	1978	2008		0.00 %	0.00 %	-7			\$0
D5020	Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0.00	S.F.		30	1978	2008		0.00 %	0.00 %	-7			\$0
				,				Total	52.95 %					\$12,662

Renewal Schedule

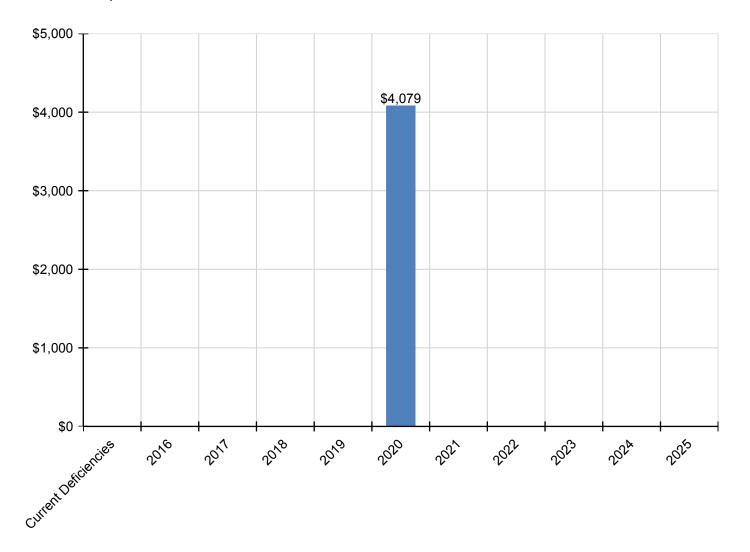
eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,079	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,079
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$868	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$868
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,211	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,211
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary School
Gross Area (SF):	59,801
Year Built:	1973
Last Renovation:	2010
Replacement Value:	\$1,627,660
Repair Cost:	\$667,892.10
Total FCI:	41.03 %
Total RSLI:	22.53 %
FCA Score:	58.97



Description:

The Vanderlyn Elementary School site was originally constructed in 1973, has a total area of 8.9 acres, and is occupied by approximately 59,801 square feet of permanent building space. Campus site features include paved driveways and parking lots, pedestrian pavement, flag pole, landscaping, and fencing. Site mechanical and electrical features include water, sewer, natural gas, and site lighting. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for the site features.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Site Code: 1700

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
G20 - Site Improvements	31.36 %	38.59 %	\$374,508.38
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	14.29 %	11.74 %	\$51,309.26
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$242,074.46
Totals:	22.53 %	41.03 %	\$667,892.10

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). Aerial Image of Vanderlyn Elementary School - Oct 22, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
G2010	Roadways	\$5.17	S.F.	39,159	25	1973	1998		0.00 %	110.00 %	-17		\$222,697.23	\$202,452
G2020	Parking Lots	\$4.56	S.F.	10,594	25	1973	1998		0.00 %	110.00 %	-17		\$53,139.50	\$48,309
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$1.50	S.F.	59,801	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$98,671.65	\$89,702
G2040	Baseball Field	\$8.35	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Canopies	\$0.29	S.F.		25	1973	1998		0.00 %	0.00 %	-17			\$0
G2040	Covered Walkways	\$48.72	S.F.	6,000	25	2003	2028		52.00 %	0.00 %	13			\$292,320
G2040	Fencing & Guardrails	\$0.91	S.F.	59,801	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.00 %	25			\$54,419
G2040	Football Field	\$5.85	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Hard Surface Play Area	\$6.26	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Playing Field	\$3.92	S.F.	50,136	20	1973	1993	2020	25.00 %	0.00 %	5			\$196,533
G2040	Soccer/Lacross Field	\$5.00	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Softball Field	\$8.86	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Tennis Courts	\$18.47	S.F.		20	1973	1993		0.00 %	0.00 %	-22			\$0
G2040	Track	\$7.04	S.F.		10	1973	1983		0.00 %	0.00 %	-32			\$0
G2050	Landscaping	\$1.45	S.F.	59,801	15	2010	2025		66.67 %	0.00 %	10			\$86,711
G3010	Water Supply	\$1.83	S.F.	59,801	50	1973	2023		16.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$109,436
G3020	Sanitary Sewer	\$1.15	S.F.	59,801	50	1973	2023		16.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$68,771
G3030	Storm Sewer	\$3.55	S.F.	59,801	50	1973	2023		16.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$212,294
G3060	Fuel Distribution	\$0.78	S.F.	59,801	40	1973	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-2		\$51,309.26	\$46,645
G4010	Electrical Distribution	\$1.86	S.F.	59,801	50	1973	2023	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$122,352.85	\$111,230
G4020	Site Lighting	\$1.15	S.F.	59,801	30	1973	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$75,648.27	\$68,771
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.67	S.F.	59,801	10	1973	1983		0.00 %	110.00 %	-32		\$44,073.34	\$40,067
						•		Total	22.53 %	41.03 %			\$667,892.10	\$1,627,660

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

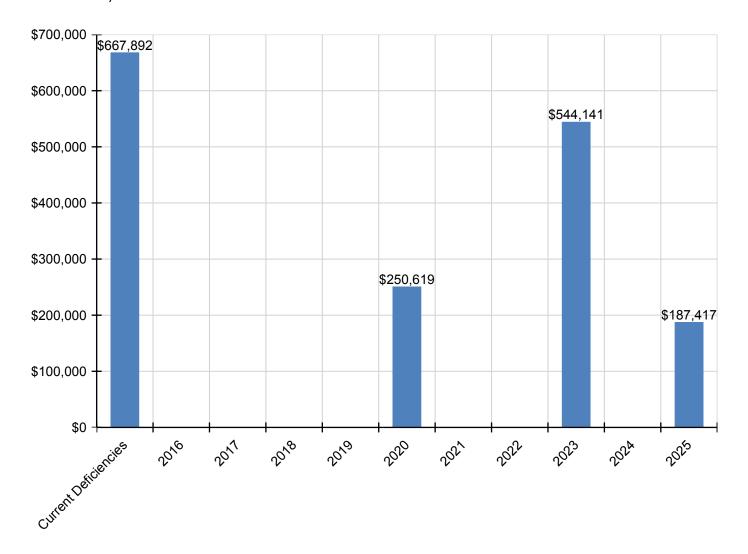
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$667,892	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$250,619	\$0	\$0	\$544,141	\$0	\$187,417	\$1,650,069
G - Building Sitework	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G20 - Site Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2010 - Roadways	\$222,697	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$222,697
G2020 - Parking Lots	\$53,140	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$53,140
G2030 - Pedestrian Paving	\$98,672	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$98,672
G2040 - Baseball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Covered Walkways	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Fencing & Guardrails	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Football Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Hard Surface Play Area	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Playing Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$250,619	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$250,619
G2040 - Soccer/Lacross Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Softball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Tennis Courts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Track	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2050 - Landscaping	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$128,187	\$128,187
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3010 - Water Supply	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$152,493	\$0	\$0	\$152,493
G3020 - Sanitary Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$95,829	\$0	\$0	\$95,829
G3030 - Storm Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$295,820	\$0	\$0	\$295,820
G3060 - Fuel Distribution	\$51,309	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$51,309
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4010 - Electrical Distribution	\$122,353	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$122,353
G4020 - Site Lighting	\$75,648	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$75,648
G4030 - Site Communications & Security	\$44,073	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$59,230	\$103,304

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

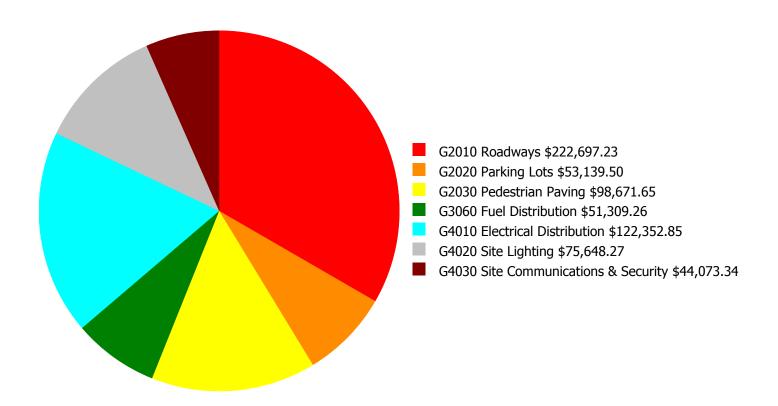
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

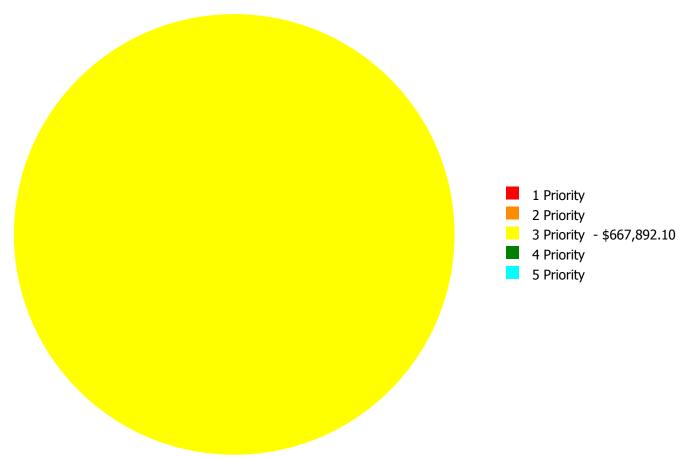
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$667,892.10

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

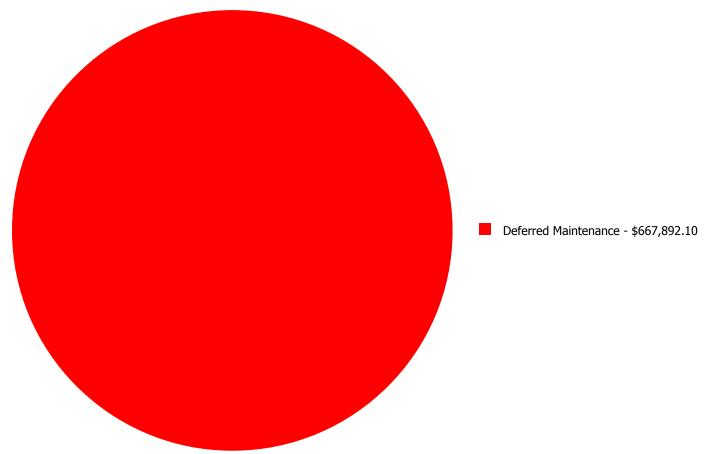
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
G2010	Roadways	\$0.00	\$0.00	, -		\$0.00	
G2020	Parking Lots	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$53,139.50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$53,139.50
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$98,671.65	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$98,671.65
G3060	Fuel Distribution	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$51,309.26	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$51,309.26
G4010	Electrical Distribution	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$122,352.85	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$122,352.85
G4020	Site Lighting	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$75,648.27	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$75,648.27
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,073.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,073.34
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$667,892.10	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$667,892.10

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: G2010 - Roadways



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 39,159.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$222,697.23

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: Roadways are beyond their expected service life, damaged with many cracks and potholes, worn, and should be replaced.

System: G2020 - Parking Lots



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 10,594.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$53,139.50

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: The parking lots are beyond their expected service life, deteriorating, and should be replaced.

System: G2030 - Pedestrian Paving



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 59,801.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$98,671.65

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: Pedestrian paving is beyond its expected service life, damaged with cracks and trip hazards, and should be replaced.

System: G3060 - Fuel Distribution



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 59,801.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$51,309.26

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: The site fuel distribution system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: G4010 - Electrical Distribution



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 59,801.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$122,352.85

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/14/2015

Notes: The site electrical distribution system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement. Transformer pad missing or below grade.

System: G4020 - Site Lighting



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 59,801.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$75,648.27

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: Site lighting is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: G4030 - Site Communications & Security



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 59,801.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$44,073.34

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/07/2015

Notes: The site communications and security systems are beyond their expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

Glo	220	ar	v

Abandoned A facility owned by a district that is not occupied and not maintained. See Vacant.

Additional Cost Total project cost is composed of hard and soft costs. Additional costs or soft expenses are costs

that are necessary to accomplish the corrective work but are not directly attributable to the deficient systems direct construction cost, which are often referred to as hard cost. The components included in the soft costs vary by owner but usually include architect and contractor fees, contingencies and other owner-incurred costs necessary to fully develop and build a facility. These soft cost factors can be adjusted anytime within the eCOMET® database at the owner's

discretion.

Assessment Visual survey of a facility to determine its condition. It involves looking at the age of systems,

reviewing information from local sources and visual evidence of potential problems to assign a condition rating. It does not include destructive testing of materials or testing of systems or

equipment for functionality.

ASTM ASTM International (ASTM): Originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials,

ASTM is an international standards organization that develops and publishes voluntary consensus

technical standards for a wide range of materials, products, systems, and services.

BOMA Building Owners Managers of America (BOMA): National organization of public and private facility

owners focused on building management tools and maintenance techniques. eCOMET®

reference: Building and component system effective economic life expectancies.

Building A fully enclosed and roofed structure that can be traversed internally without exiting to the

exterior.

Building Addition An area, space or component of a building added to a building after the original building's year

built date. NOTE: As a convention in the database, "Main" was used to designate the original building. Additions built prior to 1983 (30 years) were included in the main building area calculations to reflect their predicted system depreciation characteristics and remaining service

life.

Building Systems eCOMET® uses UNIFORMAT II to organize building data. UNIFORMAT II was originally developed

by the federal General Services Administration to delineate building costs by systems rather than by material. UNIFORMAT II was formalized by an NIST standard, NISTIR 6389 in 1999. It has been further quantified and updated by ASTM standard 2005, E1557-05. The Construction Specifications Institute, CSI, has taken over the standard as part of their MasterFormat /

MasterSpec system.

Calculated Next Renewal The year a system or building element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it

was installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system.

Capital Renewal Capital renewal refers to the cyclical replacement of building systems or elements as they become

obsolete or beyond their useful life. It is not normally included in an annual operating/maintenance budget. See calculated next renewal and next renewal.

City Cost Index (CCI) RS Means provides building system, equipment, and construction costs at a national level. The

City Cost Index (also provided by RS Means) localizes those costs to a geographic region of the United States. In eCOMET®, each building or site is assigned a City Cost Index, which adjusts all

of the associated costs for systems, deficiencies and inventory to the local value.

Condition Condition refers to the state of physical fitness or readiness of a facility system or system element

for its intended use.

Condition Budget The Condition Budget, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor

installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might

also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work.

Condition Index (CI) %

The Condition Index (CI) also known as the Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) Value divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100.00% (new) to 0.00% (expired - no remaining life).

Construction

Specifications Institute

Construction Specifications Institute: Primary national organization specializing in construction materials data and data location in construction documents. eCOMET® reference: UNIFORMAT II materials classification.

Correction

Correction refers to an assessor's recommended deficiency repair or replacement action. For any system or element deficiency, there can be multiple and alternative solutions for its repair or replacement. A Correction is user defined and tied to a UNIFORMAT II element, or system it is intended to address. It excludes other peripheral costs that may also be included in the packaging of repair, replacement or renewal improvements that may also be triggered by the deficiency correction.

Cost Model

A cost model is a list of facility systems which could represent the installed systems a given facility. Included in the cost model are standard unit cost estimates, gross areas, life cycles and installed dates. Also represented is the repair cost for deficient systems, replacement values. See eCOMET® cost models.

Criteria

Criteria refer to the set of requirements, guidelines or standards that are assessed and rated to develop a score.

Current Period

The Current Period is the current year plus a user defined number of forward years.

Current Replacement Value (CRV)

The Current Replacement Value (CRV) of a facility, building or system represents the hypothetical cost of rebuilding or replacing an existing facility under today's codes and construction standards, using its current configuration. It is calculated by multiplying the gross area of the facility by a square foot cost developed in that facility's cost model. Replacement cost includes construction costs and owner's additional or soft costs for fees, permits and other expenses to reflect a total project cost.

Deferred Maintenance

Deferred maintenance is condition work deferred on a planned or unplanned basis to a future budget cycle or postponed until funds are available.

Deficiency

A deficiency is a repair item that is damaged, missing, inadequate or insufficient for an intended purpose.

Deficiency Category

Deficiency Category refers to the type or class of a user defined deficiency grouping with shared or similar characteristics. Category descriptions include, but are not limited to: Accessibility Code Compliance, Appearance, Building Code Compliance, Deferred Maintenance, Energy, Environmental, Life Safety Code Compliance, and Safety.

Deficiency Distress

Deficiency Distress refers to a user-defined root cause of a deficiency. Distress descriptions are: Beyond Service Life, Damaged, Inadequate, Needs Remediation, and Missing.

Deficiency Priority

Deficiency Priority refers to a deficiency's urgency for repair as determined by the assessment team. Deficiencies were assigned a priority of 1 through 5, with Priority 1 deficiencies being the most urgent.

eCOMET(R)

Energy and Condition Management Estimation Technology (eCOMET®) is Parsons proprietary facility asset management software developed to provide facility managers with a state of the art, web-based tool to develop and maintain a comprehensive database of FCA data and information used for facility asset management, maintenance and repair, and capital renewal planning. eCOMET® is used by Parsons and its clients as the primary tool for collecting FCA data, preparing cost estimates, generating individual facility reports and cost estimates, and developing the overall capital renewal program.

eCOMET® Cost Models eCOMET® cost models are derived from RS Means Square Foot Cost Data cost models and these

models are used to develop the current replacement value (CRV) and assign life cycle costs to the various systems within a building. Cost models are assigned current costs-per-square-foot to establish replacement values. The Cost models are designed to represent a client specific facility

that meets local standards cost trends.

Element Elements are the major components that comprise building systems as defined by UNIFORMAT II.

Expected Life Also referred to as Useful Life. See Useful Life definition.

Facility A facility refers to site(s), building(s), or building addition(s), or combinations thereof that provide

a particular service or support of an educational purpose.

Facility Attributes Customizable eCOMET® fields to identify attributes specific to a facility. These fields are part of

the eCOMET® database set-up with the owner.

Facility Condition A facility condition assessment (FCA) is a visual inspection of buildings and grounds at a facility to Assessment (FCA)

identify and estimate current and future needed repairs or replacements of major systems for planning and budgeting purposes. It is typically performed for organizations that are tasked with the day to day maintenance, operation, and capital renewal (replacement) of building systems and components of a large inventory of facilities. The primary goal of an FCA is to objectively and quantifiably identify, inspect, and prioritize the repair and replacement needs of the building and ground systems (e.g., roofs, windows, doors, floor finishes, plumbing fixtures, parking lot, and sidewalks) within facilities that have either failed or have surpassed their service life, and to identify and forecast future capital replacement needs for systems that have not yet failed, but planned replacement of those systems is needed to ensure that the facilities will continue to meet

the mission of the organization.

Facility Condition Index

FCI is an industry-standard measurement of a facility's condition expressed as a percentage from (FCI) 0.00% to 100.00% that is derived by dividing the cost to correct a facility's deficiencies by its Current Replacement Value (CRV). The higher the FCI the poorer the condition of a facility. After

an FCI is established for all buildings within a portfolio, a building's condition can be ranked relative to other buildings. The FCI may also represent the condition of a portfolio based on the

cumulative FCIs of the portfolio's facilities.

Forecast Period The Forecast Period refers to a user defined number of years forward of the Current Period.

Gen (Generate) The Cost Model has a Gen box for each system line item. By checking the box, eCOMET® will

generate life cycle deficiencies based on the Year Installed and the Life for that system. Systems that typically do not re-generate (foundations, floor construction, roof construction, basement walls, etc.) would not have the Gen box checked as those systems would not re-generate at the end of a life cycle. In those instances, it would be more practical and cost effective to demolish

the entire facility than renew those systems.

Gross Square Feet (GSF) The area of the enclosed floor space of a building or building addition in square feet measured to

the outside face of the enclosing wall.

Life cycle Life cycle refers to the period of time that a building or site system or element can be expected to

adequately serve its intended function. Parsons assigns expected life cycles to all building systems

based on Building Operators and Managers of America (BOMA) recommended life cycles,

manufacturers suggested life, and RS Means cost data, and client-provided historical data. BOMA standards are a nationally recognized source of life cycle data for various components and/or systems associated with facilities. RS Means is a national company specializing in construction

estimating and costs.

Next Renewal Next Renewal refers to a manually-adjusted expected useful life of a system or element based on

on-site inspection either by reducing or extending the Calculated Next Renewal to more accurately

reflect current conditions.

School Assessment Report - Vanderlyn Elementary

Order of Magnitude Order of Magnitude refers to a rough approximation made with a degree of knowledge and

confidence that the budgeted, projected or estimated cost falls within a reasonable range of cost

values.

Remaining Service Life

(RSL)

RSL is the number of years of service remaining for a system or equipment item. It is automatically calculated based on the difference between the current year and the Calculated

Next Renewal date or the Next Renewal date whichever one is the later date.

Renewal Factors Renewal factors represent the difference in cost of renovating or replacing an existing system,

rather than new construction of a building system. For example, installing a new built-up roof on an existing building would include removing and disposing of the old roof, a cost not associated with new construction. Using a renewal premium to account for demolition and other difficulty

costs, Parsons typically assigns a renewal factor of 110%.

Renewal Schedule A timeline by year that indicates when the systems will need to be renewed and the estimated

price of the renewal.

Repair Cost Repair cost is the sum of all the deficiencies associated with a building or multiple

buildings/facilities. It will include any applied soft costs or City Cost Indexes.

Replacement Value See Current Replacement Value.

Site A facility's grounds and its utilities, roadways, landscaping, fencing and other typical land

improvements needed to support a facility.

Soft Costs Soft Costs are a construction industry term that refers to expense items that are not considered

direct construction costs. Soft costs are user-defined and include architectural, engineering, management, testing, and mitigation fees, and other owner pre- and post-construction expenses.

Sustainability Sustainability refers to the collection of policies and strategies that meet society's present needs

without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

System System refers to building and related site work elements as described by ASTM UNIFORMAT II

Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a format for classifying major facility elements common to most buildings. Elements usually perform a given function regardless of the design

specification construction method or materials used. See also UNIFORMAT II.

System Generated

Deficiency

eCOMET® automatically generates system deficiencies based on system life cycles using the systems installation dates as the base year. By adjusting the Next Renewal date ahead or behind the predicted or stated life cycle date, a system cost will come due earlier or later than the originally installed life cycle date. This utility accounts for good maintenance conditions and a longer life, or early expiration of a system life due to any number of adverse factors such as poor installation, acts of god, material defects, poor design applications and other factors that may shorten the life of a material or system. It is important to mention that the condition of the systems is not necessarily a reflection of maintenance practices, but a combination of system usage and age.

usage and age.

UNIFORMAT II, Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a publication of the

Construction Specification Institute (CSI), is a format used to classify major facility components common to most buildings. The format is based on functional elements or parts of a facility characterized by their functions without regard to the materials and methods used to accomplish

them. These elements are often referred to as systems or assemblies.

Unit Price The Unit Price (Raw) x (100% + the Additional Cost Template percentage).

Unit Price (Raw) The actual \$/sq. ft cost being used for the building and systems. It will include adjustments for

the City Cost Index applied to the facility.

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Useful Life Also known as Expected Life, Useful Life refers to the intrinsic period of time a system or element

is expected to perform as intended. Useful life is generally provided by manufacturers of materials,

systems and elements through their literature, testing and experience. Useful Lives in the database are derived from the Building Owners and Managers (BOMA) organization's guidelines,

RSMeans cost data, and from client- defined historical experience.

Vacant Vacant refers to a facility that is not occupied but is a maintained facility by a district. See

Abandoned.

Year Built The year that a building or addition was originally built based on its date of substantial completion

or occupancy.

minimum of 70% of the system's Current Replacement Value (CRV) was replaced.