DeKalb County School District/Education Other

Margaret Harris Comprehensive School

School Assessment Report
May 19, 2016



Table of Contents

School Executive Summary	5
School Condition Summary	6
<u>1967, 1979 Building</u>	8
Executive Summary	8
Condition Summary	9
Photo Album	10
Condition Detail	11
System Listing	12
Renewal Schedule	14
Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	17
Deficiency Summary By System	18
Deficiency Summary By Priority	19
Deficiency By Priority Investment	20
Deficiency Summary By Category	21
Deficiency Details By Priority	22
1987 Addition	29
Executive Summary	29
Condition Summary	30
Photo Album	31
Condition Detail	32
System Listing	33
Renewal Schedule	35
Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	38
Deficiency Summary By System	39
Deficiency Summary By Priority	40
Deficiency By Priority Investment	41
Deficiency Summary By Category	42
Deficiency Details By Priority	43
1987 Greenhouse	45

School Assessment Report

	Executive Summary	45
	Condition Summary	46
	Photo Album	47
	Condition Detail	48
	System Listing	49
	Renewal Schedule	50
	Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	51
	Deficiency Summary By System	52
	Deficiency Summary By Priority	53
	Deficiency By Priority Investment	54
	Deficiency Summary By Category	55
	Deficiency Details By Priority	56
Sit	<u>te</u>	57
	Executive Summary	57
	Condition Summary	58
	Photo Album	59
	Condition Detail	60
	System Listing	61
	Renewal Schedule	62
	Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	64
	Deficiency Summary By System	65
	Deficiency Summary By Priority	66
	Deficiency By Priority Investment	67
	Deficiency Summary By Category	68
	Deficiency Details By Priority	69
<u>St</u>	orage Building 1	75
	Executive Summary	75
	Condition Summary	76
	Photo Album	77
	Condition Detail	78
	System Listing	79

School Assessment Report

Renewal Schedule	80
Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	81
Deficiency Summary By System	82
Deficiency Summary By Priority	83
Deficiency By Priority Investment	84
Deficiency Summary By Category	85
Deficiency Details By Priority	86
Storage Building 2	87
Executive Summary	87
Condition Summary	88
Photo Album	89
Condition Detail	90
System Listing	91
Renewal Schedule	92
Forecasted Sustainment Requirement	95
Deficiency Summary By System	96
Deficiency Summary By Priority	97
Deficiency By Priority Investment	98
Deficiency Summary By Category	99
Deficiency Details By Priority	100
Glossary	101

School Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Gross Area (SF): 44,666 Year Built: 1967 Last Renovation: 2009 Replacement Value: \$11,328,171 Repair Cost: \$2,445,187.38 Total FCI: 21.59 % Total RSLI: 44.31 % FCA Score: 78.41



Description:

The Margaret Harris Comprehensive School campus is located at 1634 Knob Hill Drive NE in Atlanta, Georgia. The original campus was constructed in 1967 and additions to the main school building were constructed in 1967, 1979, and 1987. In addition to these buildings, the campus contains a greenhouse, covered walkway, storage buildings, and playing field. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for each building and site feature on the campus.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Concran Accindates		
Assigned Region:	Region 1	Board Dist

District 2 strict: DOE Facility: 177 Geographic Region: Region 2

HS Attendance Area: Lakeside HS Jurisdictional City: DeKalb County (Unincorporated)

Site Acreage: 8.8

School Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

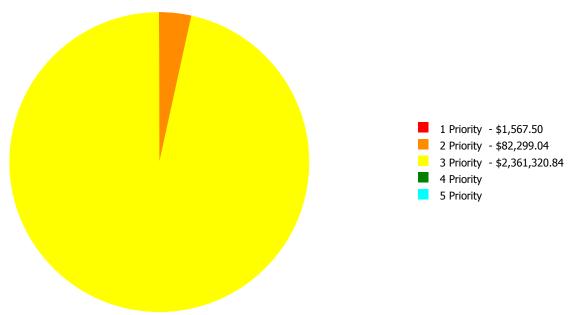
Current Investment Requirement and Condition by Uniformat Classification

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI%	FCI %	Current Repair
A10 - Foundations	53.05 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	52.81 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	45.03 %	2.50 %	\$30,441.00
B30 - Roofing	51.73 %	0.99 %	\$9,058.00
C10 - Interior Construction	45.68 %	15.40 %	\$213,929.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	38.49 %	8.49 %	\$100,367.40
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	53.95 %	32.82 %	\$342,301.81
D30 - HVAC	64.33 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	74.31 %	0.33 %	\$3,237.76
E10 - Equipment	2.31 %	106.38 %	\$536,793.00
E20 - Furnishings	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$419,733.00
F10 - Special Construction	10.62 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G20 - Site Improvements	10.18 %	94.63 %	\$671,022.34
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	3.57 %	11.74 %	\$38,323.43
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	10.89 %	70.78 %	\$79,980.64
Totals:	44.31 %	21.59 %	\$2,445,187.38

Condition Deficiency Priority

Facility Name	Gross Area (S.F.)	FCI %	1 Priority	2 Priority	3 Priority	4 Priority	5 Priority
1967, 1979 Building	41,566	16.80	\$0.00	\$2,318.40	\$1,612,077.57	\$0.00	\$0.00
1987 Addition	2,200	6.94	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$32,143.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
1987 Greenhouse	600	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Site	44,666	68.72	\$1,567.50	\$79,980.64	\$707,778.27	\$0.00	\$0.00
Storage Building 1	150	35.78	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Storage Building 2	150	35.78	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:		21.59	\$1,567.50	\$82,299.04	\$2,361,320.84	\$0.00	\$0.00

Deficiencies By Priority



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,445,187.38

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	41,566
Year Built:	1967
Last Renovation:	2009
Replacement Value:	\$9,608,196
Repair Cost:	\$1,614,395.97
Total FCI:	16.80 %
Total RSLI:	48.60 %



Description:

FCA Score:

The main building at Margaret Harris Comprehensive School is a one-story building located at 1634 Knob Hill Drive NE in Atlanta, Georgia. Originally built in 1967, there have been two additions in 1979 and 1987, and major renovations in 2010. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:			
Building Codes:	8010, 8011	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

83.20

May 19, 2016 8:02 PM UTC Page 8 of 105 eCOMET - Final

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	52.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	52.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	43.89 %	2.64 %	\$30,177.00
B30 - Roofing	52.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	45.51 %	15.40 %	\$203,175.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	38.59 %	7.15 %	\$80,817.40
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	56.92 %	34.88 %	\$342,301.81
D30 - HVAC	64.37 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	74.31 %	0.34 %	\$3,237.76
E10 - Equipment	2.31 %	106.36 %	\$534,954.00
E20 - Furnishings	0.00 %	110.00 %	\$419,733.00
F10 - Special Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	48.60 %	16.80 %	\$1,614,395.97

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). South Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



2). East Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



3). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



4). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



5). North Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



6). South Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



7). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

							Calc Next	Next						
System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Renewal Year	Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$3.51	S.F.	41,566	100	1967	2067		52.00 %	0.00 %	52			\$145,897
A1020	Special Foundations	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.56	S.F.	41,566	100	1967	2067		52.00 %	0.00 %	52			\$147,975
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1010	Floor Construction	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$11.74	S.F.	41,566	100	1967	2067		52.00 %	0.00 %	52			\$487,985
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$15.69	S.F.	41,566	60	1967	2027		20.00 %	0.00 %	12			\$652,171
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$11.18	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$464,708
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.66	S.F.	41,566	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$30,177.00	\$27,434
B3010	Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - BUR	\$20.70	S.F.	41,566	25	2003	2028		52.00 %	0.00 %	13			\$860,416
B3010	Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C1010	Partitions	\$19.44	S.F.	41,566	100	1967	2067		52.00 %	0.00 %	52			\$808,043
C1020	Interior Doors	\$6.11	S.F.	41,566	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	80.00 %	-18		\$203,175.00	\$253,968
C1030	Fittings	\$6.20	S.F.	41,566	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$257,709
C2010	Stair Construction	\$0.00	S.F.	41,566	100	1967	2067		52.00 %	0.00 %	52			\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$8.97	S.F.	16,626	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	0.00 %	-18			\$149,135
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$1.70	S.F.	24,940	10	2009	2019		40.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$42,398
C3010	Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$7.40	S.F.	873	8	1995	2003		0.00 %	110.00 %	-12		\$7,106.00	\$6,460
C3020	Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$12.65	S.F.	2,020	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$25,553
C3020	Floor Finishes - Epoxy	\$9.91	S.F.	2,135	15	2010	2025		66.67 %	0.00 %	10			\$21,158
C3020	Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$12.36	S.F.	5,251	20	1979	1999		0.00 %	110.00 %	-16		\$71,393.00	\$64,902
C3020	Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$46.23	S.F.	5,350	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$247,331
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$8.28	S.F.	25,433	15	2010	2025		66.67 %	1.10 %	10		\$2,318.40	\$210,585
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$8.72	S.F.	41,566	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$362,456
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$15.77	S.F.	41,566	30	2010	2040		83.33 %	0.11 %	25		\$753.81	\$655,496
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$3.56	S.F.	41,566	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$162,772.00	\$147,975
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$3.04	S.F.	41,566	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$138,997.00	\$126,361

School Assessment Report - 1967, 1979 Building

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.87	S.F.	41,566	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$39,779.00	\$36,162
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.37	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$15,379
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D3040	Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$5.88	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$244,408
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$27.81	S.F.	41,566	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$1,155,950
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$3.19	S.F.	41,566	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$132,596
D3090	Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0.75	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$31,175
D4010	Sprinklers	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D4020	Standpipes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$1.73	S.F.	41,566	40	2009	2049		85.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$71,909
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$5.56	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	1.40 %	24		\$3,237.76	\$231,107
D5020	Lighting	\$8.36	S.F.	41,566	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$347,492
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0.77	S.F.	41,566	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$32,006
D5030	Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$4.82	S.F.	41,566	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$200,348
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$1.16	S.F.	41,566	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$48,217
D5090	Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0.26	S.F.	41,566	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$10,807
E1010	Commercial Equipment	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$0.40	S.F.	41,566	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$16,626
E1090	Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$11.70	S.F.	41,566	20	1967	1987		0.00 %	110.00 %	-28		\$534,954.00	\$486,322
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$9.18	S.F.	41,566	20	1967	1987		0.00 %	110.00 %	-28		\$419,733.00	\$381,576
F1010	Special Structures - Canopies	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
								Total	48.60 %	16.80 %			\$1,614,395.97	\$9,608,196

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$1,614,396	\$0	\$318,452	\$0	\$52,491	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,002	\$2,061,767	\$342,588	\$4,398,697
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1020 - Special Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$30,177	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$30,177
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - BUR	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

School Assessment Report - 1967, 1979 Building

C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$203,175	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$203,175
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,491	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,491
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$7,106	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,002	\$0	\$0	\$16,108
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$0	\$0	\$29,820	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$29,820
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Epoxy	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$31,278	\$31,278
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$71,393	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$71,393
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$0	\$0	\$288,633	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$288,633
C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT	\$2,318	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$311,310	\$313,629
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$754	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$754
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$162,772	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$162,772
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$138,997	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$138,997
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$39,779	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$39,779
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,659,079	\$0	\$1,659,079
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

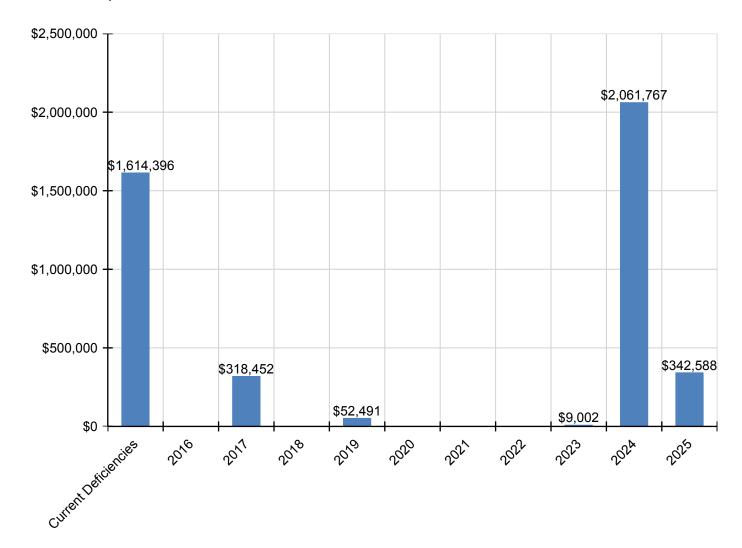
School Assessment Report - 1967, 1979 Building

· <u> </u>												
D3090 - Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$3,238	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,238
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$45,936	\$0	\$45,936
D5030 - Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$287,550	\$0	\$287,550
D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$69,203	\$0	\$69,203
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1010 - Commercial Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1090 - Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$534,954	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$534,954
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$419,733	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$419,733
F - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F10 - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F1010 - Special Structures - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

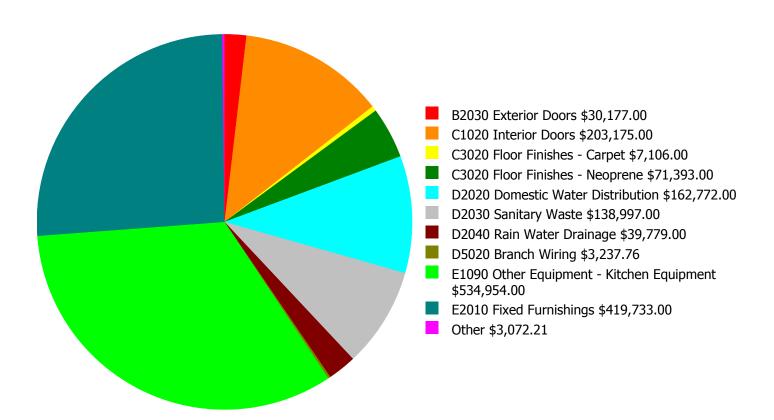
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

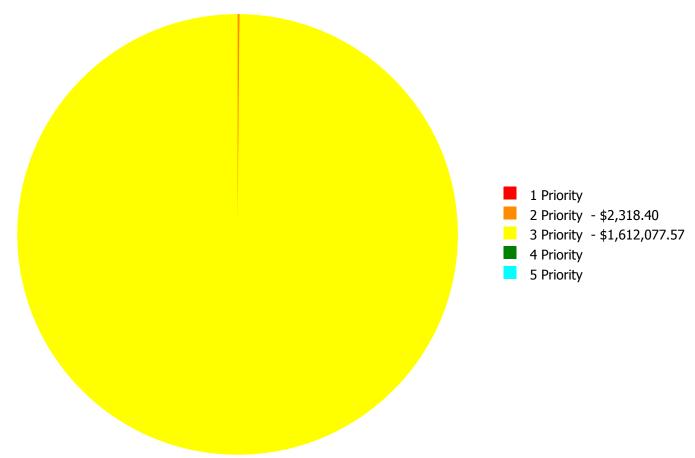
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$1,614,395.97

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

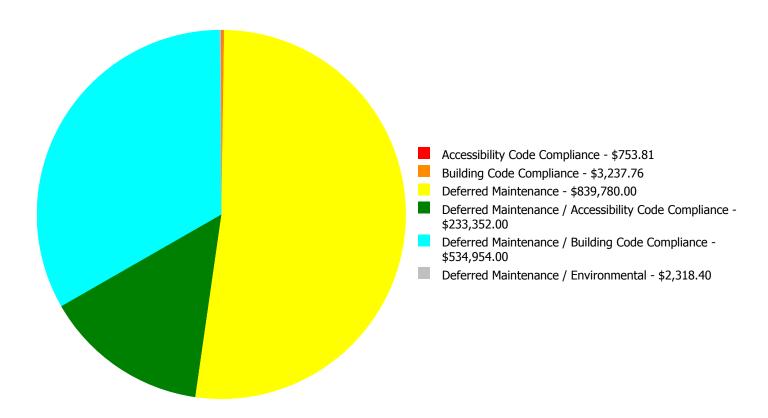
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30,177.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30,177.00
C1020	Interior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$203,175.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$203,175.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,106.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,106.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$71,393.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$71,393.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$0.00	\$2,318.40	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,318.40
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$753.81	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$753.81
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$162,772.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$162,772.00
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$138,997.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$138,997.00
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$39,779.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$39,779.00
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,237.76	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,237.76
E1090	Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$534,954.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$534,954.00
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$419,733.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$419,733.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$2,318.40	\$1,612,077.57	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,614,395.97

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$1,614,395.97

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 2 Priority:

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT



Location: Computer Room

Distress: Damaged

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Environmental

Priority: 2 Priority

Correction: Replace VCT flooring

Qty: 280.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$2,318.40

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: The VCT flooring is separating from the substrate, causing a tripping hazard.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Accessibility Code

Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$30,177.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The original exterior doors are beyond their expected service life, not ADA compliant, not energy efficient, and should be scheduled for replacement. Building entrance should be provided with an automatic door opener and zero threshold for wheelchair access.

System: C1020 - Interior Doors



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Inadequate

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Accessibility Code

Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$203,175.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The interior doors are beyond their expected service life, (hardware is) not ADA compliant, and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet



Location: Offices

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 873.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$7,106.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: The carpet is beyond its expected service life, worn and dirty, and should be replaced.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - Neoprene



Location: Gym

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 5,251.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$71,393.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/08/2015

Notes: The original flooring is in poor conditions, with different areas bubbling or separating from the substrate, and should be replaced.

System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Location: Restrooms

Distress: Missing

Category: Accessibility Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Add ADA compliant insulation to lavatory piping

Qty: 8.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$753.81

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/08/2015

Notes: Add ADA compliant insulation to lavatory piping per ADA standards.

System: D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$162,772.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The domestic water distribution system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D2030 - Sanitary Waste



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$138,997.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The sanitary waste system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D2040 - Rain Water Drainage



Location: Roof

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$39,779.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The rain water drainage system is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: D5020 - Branch Wiring



Location: Home Economics and Special Ed.

Distress: Missing

Category: Building Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Add GFCI receptacle in wet location

Qty: 20.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$3,237.76

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: GFCI outlets missing in wet areas.

System: E1090 - Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment



Location: Kitchen

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Building Code

Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$534,954.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The kitchen equipment is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: E2010 - Fixed Furnishings



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 41,566.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$419,733.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: Fixed furnishings are beyond their expected service life, in marginal condition, and should be scheduled for replacement.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	2,200
Year Built:	1987
Last Renovation:	2009
Replacement Value:	\$463,367
Repair Cost:	\$32,143.00
Total FCI:	6.94 %
Total RSLI:	51.47 %
FCA Score:	93.06



Description:

The 1987 classroom addition at Margaret Harris Comprehensive School is a one-story building located at 1634 Knob Hill Drive NE in Atlanta, Georgia. There has been no additions, but there have been electrical and HVAC renovations in 2009. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	8012	Fire Sprinkler System: No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	72.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	72.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	63.04 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	56.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	48.97 %	15.40 %	\$10,754.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	36.36 %	37.37 %	\$19,550.00
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	6.67 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	63.49 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D40 - Fire Protection	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	74.36 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E10 - Equipment	0.00 %	109.99 %	\$1,839.00
E20 - Furnishings	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
F10 - Special Construction	56.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	51.47 %	6.94 %	\$32,143.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). West Elevation - Jan 24, 2011



2). North Elevation - Jan 24, 2011



3). North Elevation - Jan 24, 2011



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

							Calc Next	Next						
System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Renewal Year	Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$3.51	S.F.	2,200	100	1987	2087		72.00 %	0.00 %	72			\$7,722
A1020	Special Foundations	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.56	S.F.	2,200	100	1987	2087		72.00 %	0.00 %	72			\$7,832
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1010	Floor Construction	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$11.74	S.F.	2,200	100	1987	2087		72.00 %	0.00 %	72			\$25,828
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$15.69	S.F.	2,200	60	1987	2047		53.33 %	0.00 %	32			\$34,518
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$11.18	S.F.	2,200	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$24,596
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.66	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$1,452
B3010	Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - BUR	\$20.70	S.F.	2,200	25	2004	2029		56.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$45,540
B3010	Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C1010	Partitions	\$19.44	S.F.	2,200	100	1987	2087		72.00 %	0.00 %	72			\$42,768
C1020	Interior Doors	\$6.11	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017	2015	0.00 %	80.00 %	0		\$10,754.00	\$13,442
C1030	Fittings	\$6.20	S.F.	2,200	20	1987	2007	2020	25.00 %	0.00 %	5			\$13,640
C2010	Stair Construction	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$10.27	S.F.	337	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$3,461
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$1.93	S.F.	2,200	10	2008	2018		30.00 %	0.00 %	3			\$4,246
C3010	Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$14.49	S.F.	337	50	1987	2037		44.00 %	0.00 %	22			\$4,883
C3020	Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$9.54	S.F.	1,863	15	1987	2002		0.00 %	110.00 %	-13		\$19,550.00	\$17,773
C3020	Floor Finishes - Wood	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$9.98	S.F.	2,200	20	2009	2029		70.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$21,956
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$17.66	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$38,852
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$3.81	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$8,382
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$4.80	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$10,560
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.92	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$2,024

School Assessment Report - 1987 Addition

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.77	S.F.	2,200	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$1,694
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D3040	Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$5.88	S.F.	2,200	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$12,936
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$27.81	S.F.	2,200	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$61,182
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D3090	Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D4010	Sprinklers	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D4020	Standpipes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$1.73	S.F.	2,200	40	2009	2049		85.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$3,806
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$5.56	S.F.	2,200	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$12,232
D5020	Lighting	\$8.36	S.F.	2,200	30	2009	2039		80.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$18,392
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0.77	S.F.	2,200	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$1,694
D5030	Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$4.82	S.F.	2,200	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$10,604
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$1.16	S.F.	2,200	15	2009	2024		60.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$2,552
D5090	Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
E1020	Institutional Equipment (Laundry Equipment)	\$0.76	S.F.	2,200	20	1987	2007		0.00 %	109.99 %	-8		\$1,839.00	\$1,672
E1090	Other Equipment (Kitchen Equipment)	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
E1090	Other Equipment (Sports Equipment)	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
F1010	Special Structures - Canopies	\$3.24	S.F.	2,200	25	2004	2029		56.00 %	0.00 %	14			\$7,128
								Total	51.47 %	6.94 %			\$32,143.00	\$463,367

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$32,143	\$0	\$77,516	\$5,104	\$0	\$17,394	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$109,123	\$0	\$241,280
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1020 - Special Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$1,694	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,694
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - BUR	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Standing Seam Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

School Assessment Report - 1987 Addition

C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$10,754	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,754
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,394	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,394
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$0	\$0	\$4,039	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,039
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,104	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,104
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT	\$19,550	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,550
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Wood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$0	\$0	\$45,340	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$45,340
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$9,781	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,781
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$0	\$0	\$12,323	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,323
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$2,362	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,362
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0	\$0	\$1,976	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,976
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$87,811	\$0	\$87,811
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3090 - Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

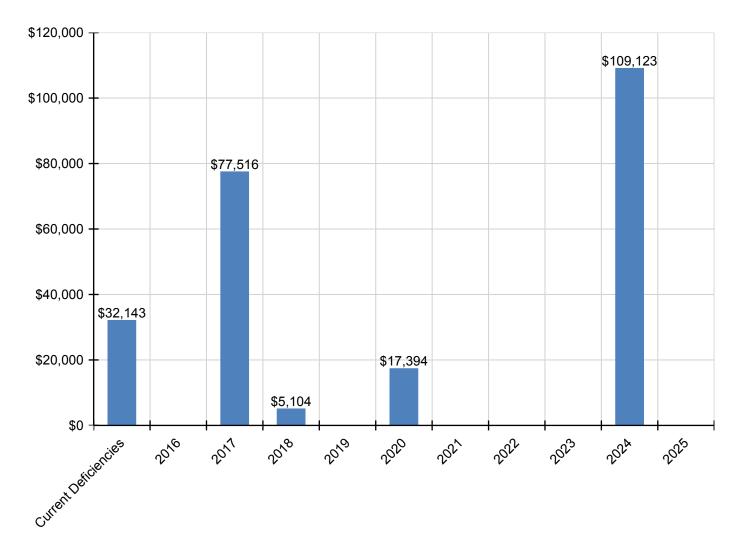
School Assessment Report - 1987 Addition

D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,431	\$0	\$2,431
D5030 - Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,219	\$0	\$15,219
D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,662	\$0	\$3,662
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment (Laundry Equipment)	\$1,839	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,839
E1090 - Other Equipment (Kitchen Equipment)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1090 - Other Equipment (Sports Equipment)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F10 - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F1010 - Special Structures - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

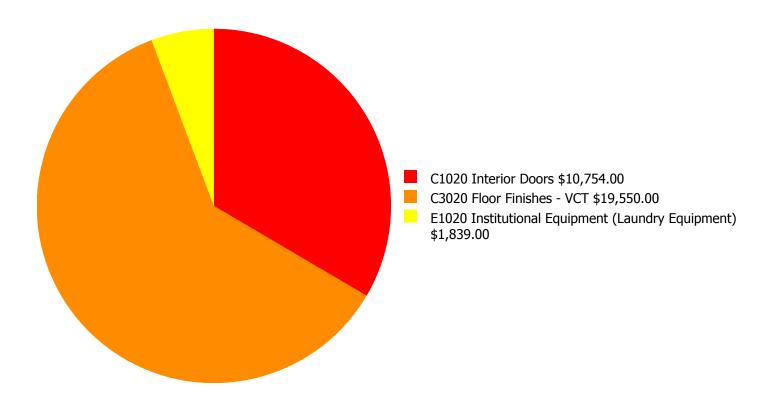
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

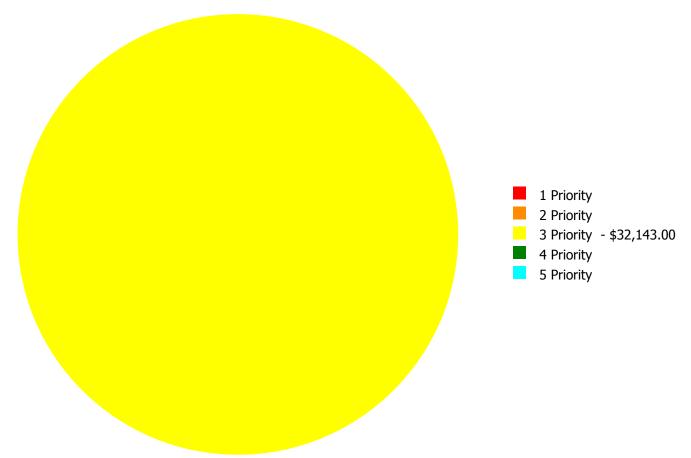
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$32,143.00

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

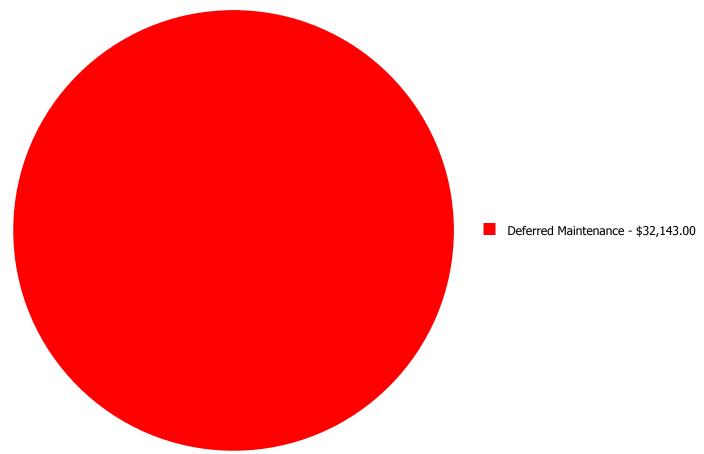
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
C1020	Interior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$10,754.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$10,754.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$19,550.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$19,550.00
E1020	Institutional Equipment (Laundry Equipment)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,839.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,839.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$32,143.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$32,143.00

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: C1020 - Interior Doors



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 2,200.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$10,754.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: Interior doors are severely scratched and worn, and should be refinished or replaced.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 1,863.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$19,550.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: VCT floor finish is beyond its expected service life, worn and deteriorating at door threshold seams, and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: E1020 - Institutional Equipment (Laundry Equipment)



Location: Laundry Room

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 2,200.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$1,839.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: The washer and dryer are aged, in marginal condition, and should be replaced.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	600
Year Built:	1987
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$81,924
Repair Cost:	\$0.00
Total FCI:	0.00 %
Total RSLI:	6.67 %



Description:

FCA Score:

The greenhouse at Margaret Harris Comprehensive School is located on the campus grounds. Originally built in 1987, there have been no additions and no major renovations. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

100.00

Attributes:

General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
F10 - Special Construction	6.67 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	6.67 %	0.00 %	\$0.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). South Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



2). East Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



3). North Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



4). South Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



5). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System								Next Renewal						Replacement
Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Installed	Year	Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Value \$
F1010	Special Structures - Greenhouse - Pre-Engineered	\$136.54	S.F.	600	30	1987	2017		6.67 %	0.00 %	2			\$81,924
								Total	6.67 %					\$81,924

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

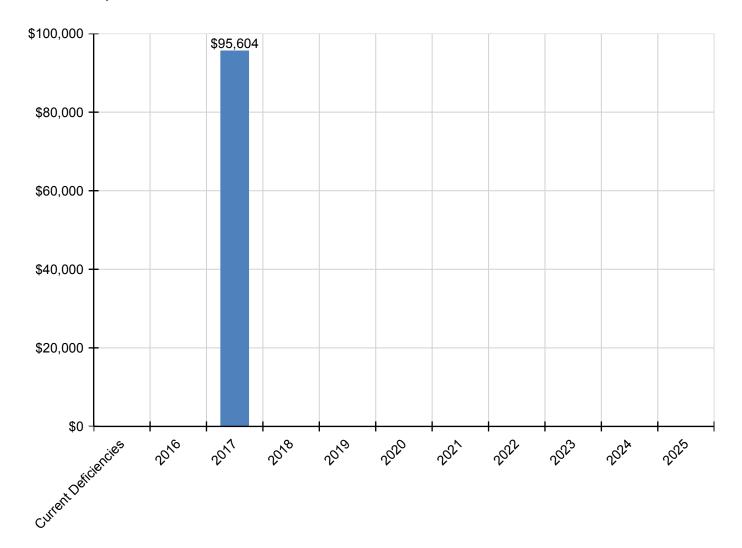
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$0	\$0	\$95,604	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$95,604
F - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F10 - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F1010 - Special Structures - Greenhouse - Pre-Engineered	\$0	\$0	\$95,604	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$95,604

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	44,666
Year Built:	1967
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$1,148,632
Repair Cost:	\$789,326.41
Total FCI:	68.72 %
Total RSLI:	8.37 %



Description:

FCA Score:

The Margaret Harris Comprehensive site was originally constructed in 1967, has a total area of 8.8 acres, and is occupied by approximately 44,666 square feet of permanent building space. Campus site features include paved driveways and parking lots, pedestrian pavement, covered walkways, flag pole, landscaping, play field, playground, retaining walls, and fencing. Site mechanical and electrical features include water, sewer, natural gas, and electrical distribution. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for the site features.

31.28

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Site Code: 1405

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
G20 - Site Improvements	10.18 %	94.63 %	\$671,022.34
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	3.57 %	11.74 %	\$38,323.43
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	10.89 %	70.78 %	\$79,980.64
Totals:	8.37 %	68.72 %	\$789,326.41

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). Aerial Image of Margaret Harris Comprehensive School - Oct 20, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
G2010	Roadways	\$5.17	S.F.	35,814	25	1967	1992		0.00 %	110.00 %	-23		\$203,674.22	\$185,158
G2020	Parking Lots	\$4.56	S.F.	5,970	25	2008	2033		72.00 %	4.87 %	18		\$1,325.02	\$27,223
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$1.50	S.F.	44,666	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$73,698.90	\$66,999
G2030	Stone Retaining Wall	\$1.50	S.F.	950	30	2009	2039	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$1,567.50	\$1,425
G2040	Baseball Field	\$8.35	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Canopies	\$0.29	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Covered Walkways	\$48.72	S.F.	1,500	25	2008	2033		72.00 %	0.00 %	18			\$73,080
G2040	Fencing & Guardrails	\$0.91	S.F.	44,666	30	1967	1997		0.00 %	110.00 %	-18		\$44,710.67	\$40,646
G2040	Football Field	\$5.85	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Hard Surface Play Area	\$6.26	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Playing Field	\$3.92	S.F.	63,730	20	1967	1987		0.00 %	110.00 %	-28		\$274,803.76	\$249,822
G2040	Soccer/Lacross Field	\$5.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Softball Field	\$8.86	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Tennis Courts	\$18.47	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Track	\$7.04	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2050	Landscaping	\$1.45	S.F.	44,666	15	1967	1982		0.00 %	110.00 %	-33		\$71,242.27	\$64,766
G3010	Water Supply	\$1.83	S.F.	44,666	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$81,739
G3020	Sanitary Sewer	\$1.15	S.F.	44,666	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$51,366
G3030	Storm Sewer	\$3.55	S.F.	44,666	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$158,564
G3060	Fuel Distribution	\$0.78	S.F.	44,666	40	1967	2007		0.00 %	110.00 %	-8		\$38,323.43	\$34,839
G4010	Electrical Distribution	\$1.86	S.F.	44,666	50	1967	2017		4.00 %	0.00 %	2			\$83,079
G4020	Site Lighting	\$1.15	S.F.		30	1967	1997		0.00 %	0.00 %	-18		\$79,980.64	\$0
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.67	S.F.	44,666	10	2008	2018		30.00 %	0.00 %	3			\$29,926
								Total	8.37 %	68.72 %			\$789,326.41	\$1,148,632

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

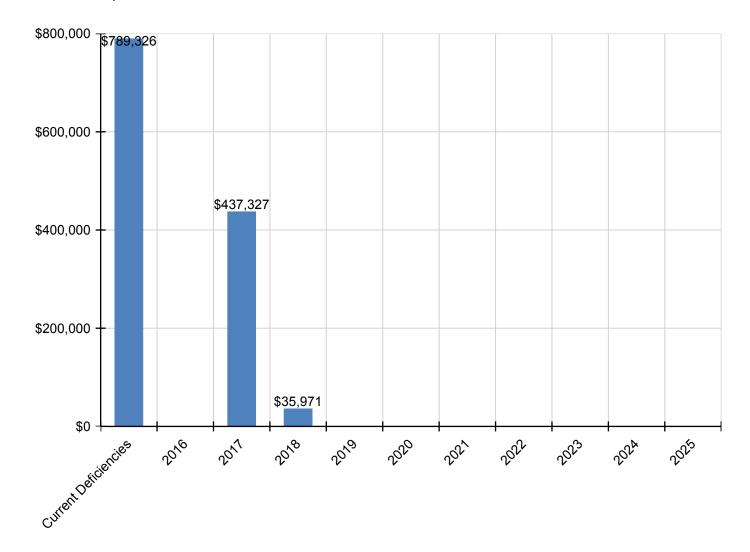
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total	\$789,326	\$0	\$437,327	\$35,971	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,262,625
G - Building Sitework	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G20 - Site Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2010 - Roadways	\$203,674	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$203,674
G2020 - Parking Lots	\$1,325	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,325
G2030 - Pedestrian Paving	\$73,699	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$73,699
G2030 - Stone Retaining Wall	\$1,568	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,568
G2040 - Baseball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Covered Walkways	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Fencing & Guardrails	\$44,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44,711
G2040 - Football Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Hard Surface Play Area	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Playing Field	\$274,804	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$274,804
G2040 - Soccer/Lacross Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Softball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Tennis Courts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Track	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2050 - Landscaping	\$71,242	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$71,242
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3010 - Water Supply	\$0	\$0	\$95,389	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$95,389
G3020 - Sanitary Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$59,943	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$59,943
G3030 - Storm Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$185,043	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$185,043
G3060 - Fuel Distribution	\$38,323	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$38,323
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4010 - Electrical Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$96,952	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$96,952
G4020 - Site Lighting	\$79,981	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$79,981
G4030 - Site Communications & Security	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$35,971	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$35,971

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

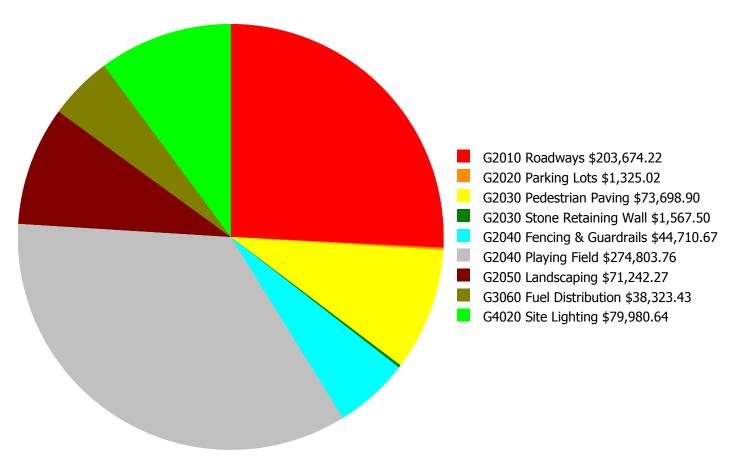
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

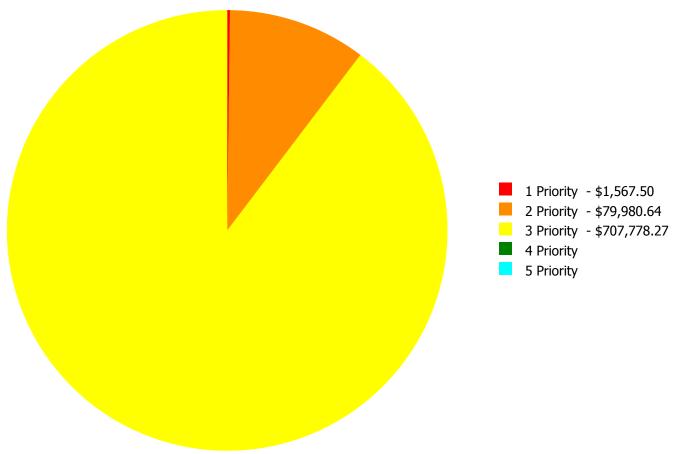
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$789,326.41

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

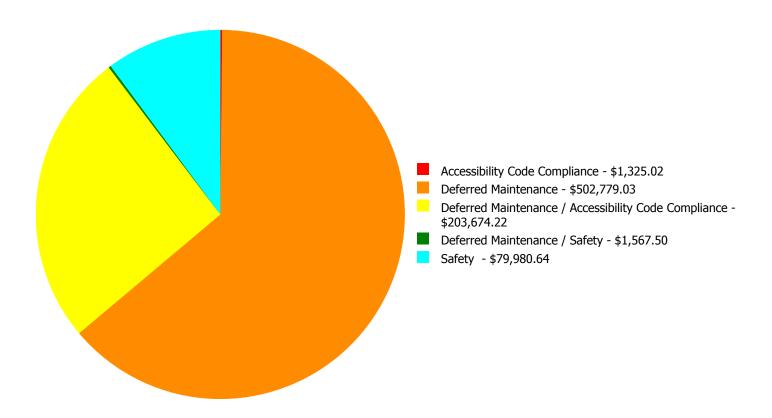
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
G2010	Roadways	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$203,674.22	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$203,674.22
G2020	Parking Lots	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,325.02	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,325.02
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$73,698.90	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$73,698.90
G2030	Stone Retaining Wall	\$1,567.50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,567.50
G2040	Fencing & Guardrails	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,710.67	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,710.67
G2040	Playing Field	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$274,803.76	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$274,803.76
G2050	Landscaping	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$71,242.27	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$71,242.27
G3060	Fuel Distribution	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$38,323.43	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$38,323.43
G4020	Site Lighting	\$0.00	\$79,980.64	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$79,980.64
	Total:	\$1,567.50	\$79,980.64	\$707,778.27	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$789,326.41

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$789,326.41

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 1 Priority:

System: G2030 - Stone Retaining Wall



Location: Northeast Side of Site

Distress: Damaged

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Safety

Priority: 1 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 950.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$1,567.50

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 08/14/2015

Notes: The stone retaining wall is aged, damaged and unstable, and should be repaired or replaced.

Priority 2 Priority:

System: G4020 - Site Lighting



Location: Site

Distress: Missing

Category: Safety

Priority: 2 Priority

Correction: Replace light pole, 2 fixtures, concrete base not

included

Qty: 10.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$79,980.64

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/16/2015

Notes: Site lighting was not identified during the assessment. Site lighting should be provided for the safety of building occupants.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: G2010 - Roadways



Location: Southeast Side of Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Accessibility Code

Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 35,814.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$203,674.22

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/16/2015

Notes: The asphalt roadway on the southeast side of the site is aged and damaged, and should be re-surfaced and re-strip to include missing ADA rout from parking to sidewalk.

System: G2020 - Parking Lots



Location: Site

Distress: Missing

Category: Accessibility Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Add handicap van parking space

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$1,325.02

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/08/2015

Notes: Van accessible parking space is missing and should be provided per ADA standards.

System: G2030 - Pedestrian Paving



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 44,666.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$73,698.90

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/16/2015

Notes: Pedestrian paving is beyond its expected service life, damaged, and should be replaced.

System: G2040 - Fencing & Guardrails



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 44,666.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$44,710.67

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/02/2015

Notes: Fencing and guardrails are beyond their expected service life, rusted and overgrown with vegetation in areas, and should be replaced.

System: G2040 - Playing Field



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 63,730.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$274,803.76

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/08/2015

Notes: The playing fields are worn and damaged, and should be renewed.

System: G2050 - Landscaping



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 44,666.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$71,242.27

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 07/16/2015

Notes: Landscaping is worn, missing and overgrown in areas, and should be renewed.

System: G3060 - Fuel Distribution



Location: Site

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 44,666.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$38,323.43

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/04/2015

Notes: Gas piping throughout building is beyond its expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	150
Year Built:	1980
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$13,026
Repair Cost:	\$4,661.00
Total FCI:	35.78 %
Total RSLI:	31.62 %
FCA Score:	64.22



Description:

Storage building 1 at Margaret Harris Comprehensive School is located at 1634 Knob Hill Drive NE Atlanta Georgia 30329. Originally built in 1980, there have been no additions or major renovations. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

Accidacco		
General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	65.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	63.68 %	2.23 %	\$132.00
B30 - Roofing	0.00 %	109.98 %	\$4,529.00
C10 - Interior Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	31.63 %	35.78 %	\$4,661.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015







3). East Elevatin - Jul 16, 2015



4). North Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.60	S.F.	150	100	1980	2080		65.00 %	0.00 %	65			\$540
B1010	Floor Construction	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$16.33	S.F.	150	0	1980			0.00 %	0.00 %				\$2,450
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$38.65	S.F.	150	100	1980	2080		65.00 %	0.00 %	65			\$5,798
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.80	S.F.	150	30	1980	2010		0.00 %	110.00 %	-5		\$132.00	\$120
B3010	Roof Coverings	\$27.45	S.F.	150	20	1980	2000		0.00 %	109.98 %	-15		\$4,529.00	\$4,118
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C10	Interior Construction	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
	Total												\$4,661.00	\$13,026

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

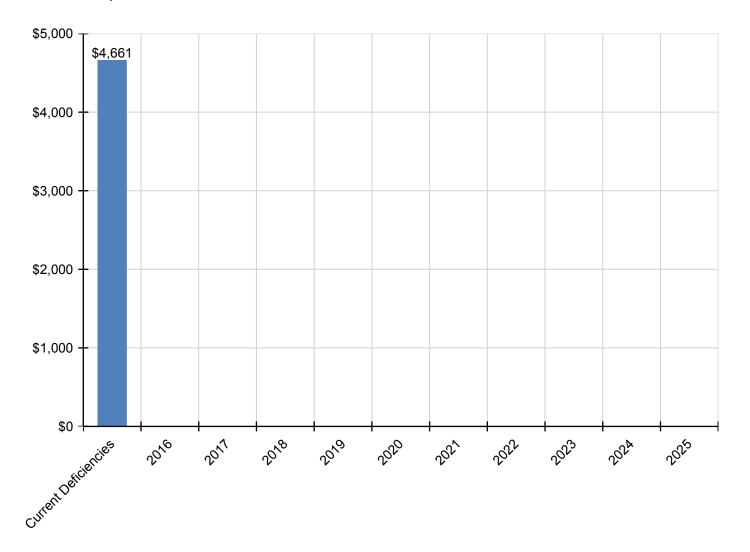
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$4,661	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,661
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$132	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$4,529	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,529
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*} Indicates non-renewable system

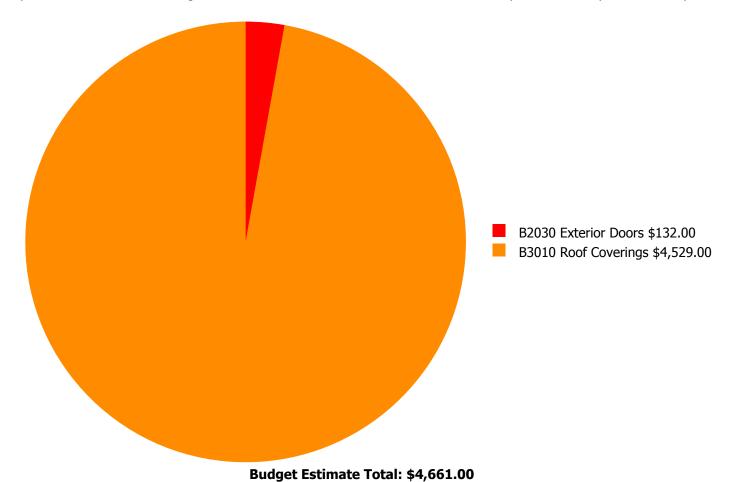
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



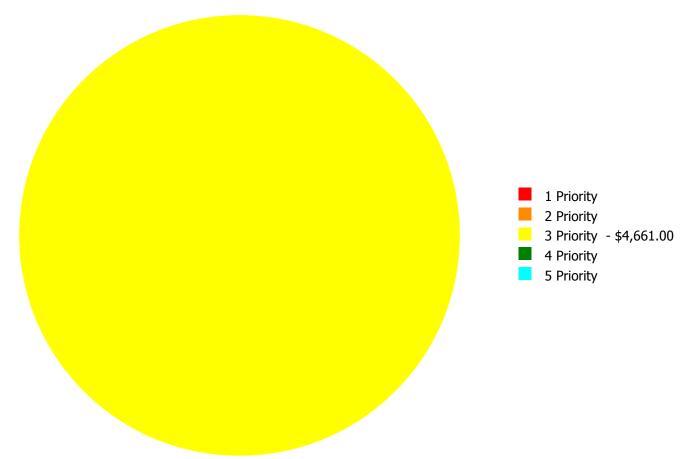
Deficiency Summary by System

Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

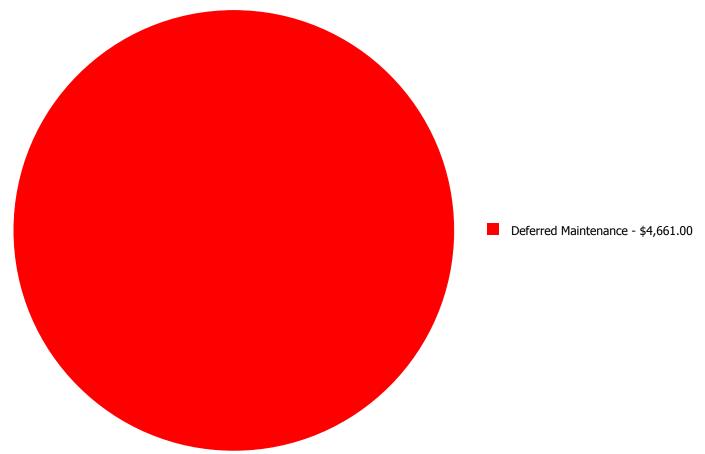
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$132.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$132.00
B3010	Roof Coverings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,529.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,529.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Location: Exterior Wall

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 150.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$132.00

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: The original exterior door is aged and rusted, and should be replaced.

System: B3010 - Roof Coverings



Location: Roof

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 150.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$4,529.00

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/01/2015

Notes: The roof is beyond its expected service life, deteriorating, and should be replaced.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The Repair Cost (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. Facility Condition Index (FCI) is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term FCA Score is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Education Other
Gross Area (SF):	150
Year Built:	1980
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$13,026
Repair Cost:	\$4,661.00
Total FCI:	35.78 %
Total RSLI:	43.85 %
FCA Score:	64.22



Description:

Storage building 1 at Margaret Harris Comprehensive School is located at 1634 Knob Hill Drive NE Atlanta Georgia 30329. Originally built in 1980, there have been no additions or major renovations. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:		
Building Codes:	Fire Sprinkler System:	No

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	65.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	65.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	63.68 %	2.23 %	\$132.00
B30 - Roofing	0.00 %	109.98 %	\$4,529.00
C10 - Interior Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	43.85 %	35.78 %	\$4,661.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). West Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



2). North Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



3). East Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



4). South Elevation - Jul 16, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

- 1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
- 2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
- 3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
- 4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
- 5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
- 6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
- 7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
- 8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
- 9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
- 10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
- 11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
- 12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
- 13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
- 14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
- 15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.60	S.F.	150	100	1980	2080		65.00 %	0.00 %	65			\$540
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$16.33	S.F.	150	100	1980	2080		65.00 %	0.00 %	65			\$2,450
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$38.65	S.F.	150	100	1980	2080		65.00 %	0.00 %	65			\$5,798
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.80	S.F.	150	30	1980	2010		0.00 %	110.00 %	-5		\$132.00	\$120
B3010	Roof Coverings	\$27.45	S.F.	150	20	1980	2000		0.00 %	109.98 %	-15		\$4,529.00	\$4,118
C1010	Partitions	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C1020	Interior Doors	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C1030	Fittings	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D5020	Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
	Total												\$4,661.00	\$13,026

Renewal Schedule

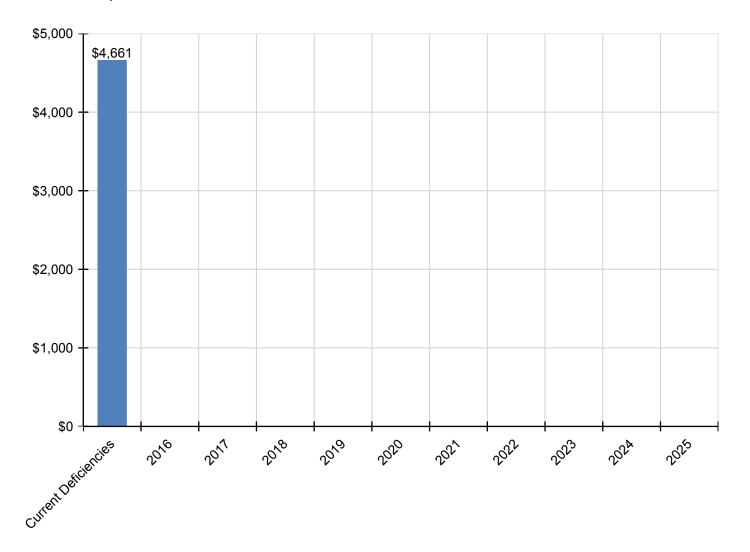
eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$4,661	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,661
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$132	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$4,529	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,529
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting and Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

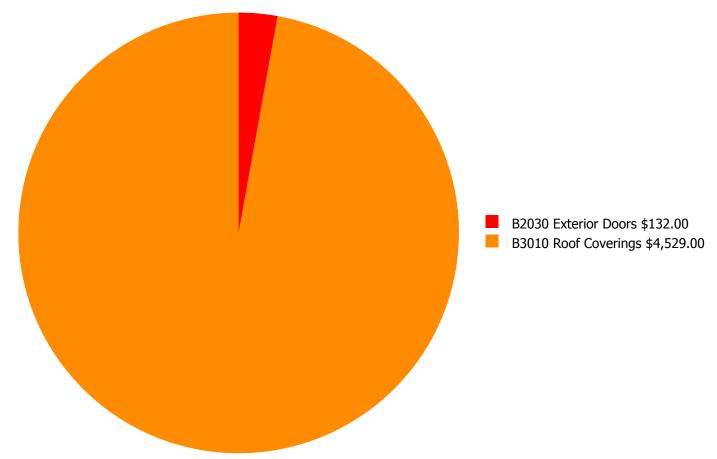
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

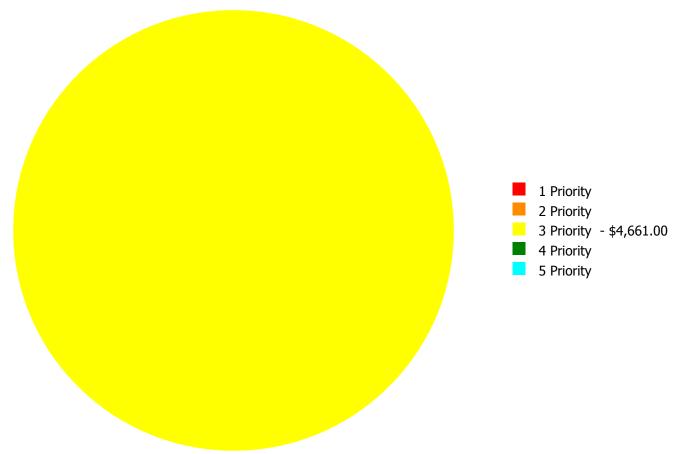
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$4,661.00

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

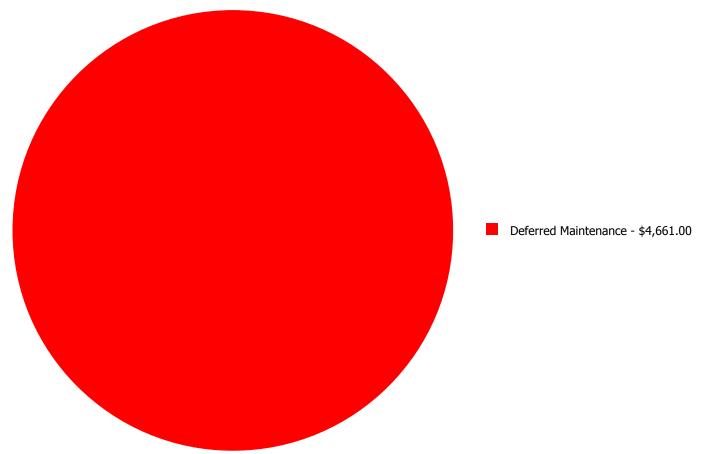
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards..
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

	System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
	B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$132.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$132.00
	B3010	Roof Coverings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,529.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,529.00
ĺ		Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,661.00

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Location: Exterior Wall

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 150.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$132.00

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The original exterior doors are aged and rusted, and should be scheduled for replacement.

System: B3010 - Roof Coverings



Location: Roof

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 150.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$4,529.00

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 09/03/2015

Notes: The roof covering is beyond its expected service life, deteriorating, and should be scheduled for replacement.

Glossary

Abandoned A facility owned by a district that is not occupied and not maintained. See Vacant.

Additional Cost Total project cost is composed of hard and soft costs. Additional costs or soft expenses are costs

that are necessary to accomplish the corrective work but are not directly attributable to the deficient systems direct construction cost, which are often referred to as hard cost. The components included in the soft costs vary by owner but usually include architect and contractor fees, contingencies and other owner-incurred costs necessary to fully develop and build a facility. These soft cost factors can be adjusted anytime within the eCOMET® database at the owner's

discretion.

Assessment Visual survey of a facility to determine its condition. It involves looking at the age of systems,

reviewing information from local sources and visual evidence of potential problems to assign a condition rating. It does not include destructive testing of materials or testing of systems or

equipment for functionality.

ASTM ASTM International (ASTM): Originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials,

ASTM is an international standards organization that develops and publishes voluntary consensus

technical standards for a wide range of materials, products, systems, and services.

BOMA Building Owners Managers of America (BOMA): National organization of public and private facility

owners focused on building management tools and maintenance techniques. eCOMET®

reference: Building and component system effective economic life expectancies.

Building A fully enclosed and roofed structure that can be traversed internally without exiting to the

exterior.

Building Addition An area, space or component of a building added to a building after the original building's year

built date. NOTE: As a convention in the database, "Main" was used to designate the original building. Additions built prior to 1983 (30 years) were included in the main building area calculations to reflect their predicted system depreciation characteristics and remaining service

life.

Building Systems eCOMET® uses UNIFORMAT II to organize building data. UNIFORMAT II was originally developed

by the federal General Services Administration to delineate building costs by systems rather than by material. UNIFORMAT II was formalized by an NIST standard, NISTIR 6389 in 1999. It has been further quantified and updated by ASTM standard 2005, E1557-05. The Construction Specifications Institute, CSI, has taken over the standard as part of their MasterFormat /

MasterSpec system.

Calculated Next Renewal The year a system or building element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it

was installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system.

Capital Renewal Capital renewal refers to the cyclical replacement of building systems or elements as they become

obsolete or beyond their useful life. It is not normally included in an annual operating/maintenance budget. See calculated next renewal and next renewal.

City Cost Index (CCI)

RS Means provides building system, equipment, and construction costs at a national level. The

City Cost Index (also provided by RS Means) localizes those costs to a geographic region of the United States. In eCOMET®, each building or site is assigned a City Cost Index, which adjusts all

of the associated costs for systems, deficiencies and inventory to the local value.

Condition Condition refers to the state of physical fitness or readiness of a facility system or system element

for its intended use.

Condition Budget The Condition Budget, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor

installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might

also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work.

Condition Index (CI) %

The Condition Index (CI) also known as the Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) Value divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100.00% (new) to 0.00% (expired - no remaining life).

Construction

Specifications Institute

Construction Specifications Institute: Primary national organization specializing in construction materials data and data location in construction documents. eCOMET® reference: UNIFORMAT II materials classification.

Correction

Correction refers to an assessor's recommended deficiency repair or replacement action. For any system or element deficiency, there can be multiple and alternative solutions for its repair or replacement. A Correction is user defined and tied to a UNIFORMAT II element, or system it is intended to address. It excludes other peripheral costs that may also be included in the packaging of repair, replacement or renewal improvements that may also be triggered by the deficiency correction.

Cost Model

A cost model is a list of facility systems which could represent the installed systems a given facility. Included in the cost model are standard unit cost estimates, gross areas, life cycles and installed dates. Also represented is the repair cost for deficient systems, replacement values. See eCOMET® cost models.

Criteria

Criteria refer to the set of requirements, guidelines or standards that are assessed and rated to develop a score.

Current Period

The Current Period is the current year plus a user defined number of forward years.

Current Replacement Value (CRV)

The Current Replacement Value (CRV) of a facility, building or system represents the hypothetical cost of rebuilding or replacing an existing facility under today's codes and construction standards, using its current configuration. It is calculated by multiplying the gross area of the facility by a square foot cost developed in that facility's cost model. Replacement cost includes construction costs and owner's additional or soft costs for fees, permits and other expenses to reflect a total project cost.

Deferred Maintenance

Deferred maintenance is condition work deferred on a planned or unplanned basis to a future budget cycle or postponed until funds are available.

Deficiency

A deficiency is a repair item that is damaged, missing, inadequate or insufficient for an intended purpose.

Deficiency Category

Deficiency Category refers to the type or class of a user defined deficiency grouping with shared or similar characteristics. Category descriptions include, but are not limited to: Accessibility Code Compliance, Appearance, Building Code Compliance, Deferred Maintenance, Energy, Environmental, Life Safety Code Compliance, and Safety.

Deficiency Distress

Deficiency Distress refers to a user-defined root cause of a deficiency. Distress descriptions are: Beyond Service Life, Damaged, Inadequate, Needs Remediation, and Missing.

Deficiency Priority

Deficiency Priority refers to a deficiency's urgency for repair as determined by the assessment team. Deficiencies were assigned a priority of 1 through 5, with Priority 1 deficiencies being the most urgent.

eCOMET®

Energy and Condition Management Estimation Technology (eCOMET®) is Parsons proprietary facility asset management software developed to provide facility managers with a state of the art, web-based tool to develop and maintain a comprehensive database of FCA data and information used for facility asset management, maintenance and repair, and capital renewal planning. eCOMET® is used by Parsons and its clients as the primary tool for collecting FCA data, preparing cost estimates, generating individual facility reports and cost estimates, and developing the overall capital renewal program.

eCOMET® Cost Models eCOMET® cost models are derived from RS Means Square Foot Cost Data cost models and these

models are used to develop the current replacement value (CRV) and assign life cycle costs to the various systems within a building. Cost models are assigned current costs-per-square-foot to establish replacement values. The Cost models are designed to represent a client specific facility

that meets local standards cost trends.

Element Elements are the major components that comprise building systems as defined by UNIFORMAT II.

Expected Life Also referred to as Useful Life. See Useful Life definition.

Facility A facility refers to site(s), building(s), or building addition(s), or combinations thereof that provide

a particular service or support of an educational purpose.

Facility Attributes Customizable eCOMET® fields to identify attributes specific to a facility. These fields are part of

the eCOMET® database set-up with the owner.

Facility Condition A facility condition assessment (FCA) is a visual inspection of buildings and grounds at a facility to identify and estimate current and future needed repairs or replacements of major systems for

planning and budgeting purposes. It is typically performed for organizations that are tasked with the day to day maintenance, operation, and capital renewal (replacement) of building systems and components of a large inventory of facilities. The primary goal of an FCA is to objectively and quantifiably identify, inspect, and prioritize the repair and replacement needs of the building and ground systems (e.g., roofs, windows, doors, floor finishes, plumbing fixtures, parking lot, and sidewalks) within facilities that have either failed or have surpassed their service life, and to identify and forecast future capital replacement needs for systems that have not yet failed, but planned replacement of those systems is needed to ensure that the facilities will continue to meet

the mission of the organization.

Facility Condition Index

(FCI)

FCI is an industry-standard measurement of a facility's condition expressed as a percentage from 0.00% to 100.00% that is derived by dividing the cost to correct a facility's deficiencies by its Current Replacement Value (CRV). The higher the FCI the poorer the condition of a facility. After an FCI is established for all buildings within a portfolio, a building's condition can be ranked relative to other buildings. The FCI may also represent the condition of a portfolio based on the cumulative FCIs of the portfolio's facilities.

Forecast Period The Forecast Period refers to a user defined number of years forward of the Current Period.

Gen (Generate) The Cost Model has a Gen box for each system line item. By checking the box, eCOMET® will

generate life cycle deficiencies based on the Year Installed and the Life for that system. Systems that typically do not re-generate (foundations, floor construction, roof construction, basement walls, etc.) would not have the Gen box checked as those systems would not re-generate at the end of a life cycle. In those instances, it would be more practical and cost effective to demolish

the entire facility than renew those systems.

Gross Square Feet (GSF) The area of the enclosed floor space of a building or building addition in square feet measured to

the outside face of the enclosing wall.

Life cycle Life cycle refers to the period of time that a building or site system or element can be expected to

adequately serve its intended function. Parsons assigns expected life cycles to all building systems based on Building Operators and Managers of America (BOMA) recommended life cycles,

manufacturers suggested life, and RS Means cost data, and client-provided historical data. BOMA standards are a nationally recognized source of life cycle data for various components and/or systems associated with facilities. RS Means is a national company specializing in construction

estimating and costs.

Next Renewal Next Renewal refers to a manually-adjusted expected useful life of a system or element based on

on-site inspection either by reducing or extending the Calculated Next Renewal to more accurately

reflect current conditions.

School Assessment Report - Margaret Harris Comprehensive School

Order of Magnitude Order of Magnitude refers to a rough approximation made with a degree of knowledge and

confidence that the budgeted, projected or estimated cost falls within a reasonable range of cost

values.

Remaining Service Life

(RSL)

RSL is the number of years of service remaining for a system or equipment item. It is automatically calculated based on the difference between the current year and the Calculated

Next Renewal date or the Next Renewal date whichever one is the later date.

Renewal Factors Renewal factors represent the difference in cost of renovating or replacing an existing system,

rather than new construction of a building system. For example, installing a new built-up roof on an existing building would include removing and disposing of the old roof, a cost not associated with new construction. Using a renewal premium to account for demolition and other difficulty

costs, Parsons typically assigns a renewal factor of 110%.

Renewal Schedule A timeline by year that indicates when the systems will need to be renewed and the estimated

price of the renewal.

Repair Cost Repair cost is the sum of all the deficiencies associated with a building or multiple

buildings/facilities. It will include any applied soft costs or City Cost Indexes.

Replacement Value See Current Replacement Value.

Site A facility's grounds and its utilities, roadways, landscaping, fencing and other typical land

improvements needed to support a facility.

Soft Costs Soft Costs are a construction industry term that refers to expense items that are not considered

direct construction costs. Soft costs are user-defined and include architectural, engineering, management, testing, and mitigation fees, and other owner pre- and post-construction expenses.

Sustainability Sustainability refers to the collection of policies and strategies that meet society's present needs

without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

System System refers to building and related site work elements as described by ASTM UNIFORMAT II

Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a format for classifying major facility elements common to most buildings. Elements usually perform a given function regardless of the design

specification construction method or materials used. See also UNIFORMAT II.

System Generated

Deficiency

eCOMET® automatically generates system deficiencies based on system life cycles using the systems installation dates as the base year. By adjusting the Next Renewal date ahead or behind the predicted or stated life cycle date, a system cost will come due earlier or later than the originally installed life cycle date. This utility accounts for good maintenance conditions and a longer life, or early expiration of a system life due to any number of adverse factors such as poor installation, acts of god, material defects, poor design applications and other factors that may shorten the life of a material or system. It is important to mention that the condition of the systems is not necessarily a reflection of maintenance practices, but a combination of system usage and age.

UNIFORMAT II, Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a publication of the

Construction Specification Institute (CSI), is a format used to classify major facility components common to most buildings. The format is based on functional elements or parts of a facility characterized by their functions without regard to the materials and methods used to accomplish

them. These elements are often referred to as systems or assemblies.

Unit Price The Unit Price (Raw) x (100% + the Additional Cost Template percentage).

Unit Price (Raw) The actual \$/sq. ft cost being used for the building and systems. It will include adjustments for

the City Cost Index applied to the facility.

School Assessment Report - Margaret Harris Comprehensive School

Useful Life Also known as Expected Life, Useful Life refers to the intrinsic period of time a system or element

is expected to perform as intended. Useful life is generally provided by manufacturers of materials, systems and elements through their literature, testing and experience. Useful Lives in the

database are derived from the Building Owners and Managers (BOMA) organization's guidelines,

RSMeans cost data, and from client- defined historical experience.

Vacant Vacant refers to a facility that is not occupied but is a maintained facility by a district. See

Abandoned.

Year Built The year that a building or addition was originally built based on its date of substantial completion

or occupancy.

minimum of 70% of the system's Current Replacement Value (CRV) was replaced.