

DeKalb County School District/Middle Schools

Freedom Middle

Final

School Assessment Report

May 20, 2016



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School Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Gross Area (SF):	161,263
Year Built:	2001
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$36,163,566
Repair Cost:	\$9,394,922.71
Total FCI:	25.98 %
Total RSLI:	41.80 %
FCA Score:	74.02



Description:

The Freedom Middle School campus consists of one main building located at 505 South Hairston Road in Stone Mountain, Georgia. The original campus was constructed in 2001 and there have been no additions or major renovations to the main school building. In addition to the main school building, the campus contains a covered walkway, softball field, football field, tennis courts, and track. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for each building and site improvement on the campus.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Assigned Region:	Region 3	Board District:	District 6
DOE Facility:	201	Geographic Region:	Region 3
HS Attendance Area:	Clarkston HS	Jurisdictional City:	DeKalb County (Unincorporated)
Site Acreage:	62.4		

School Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

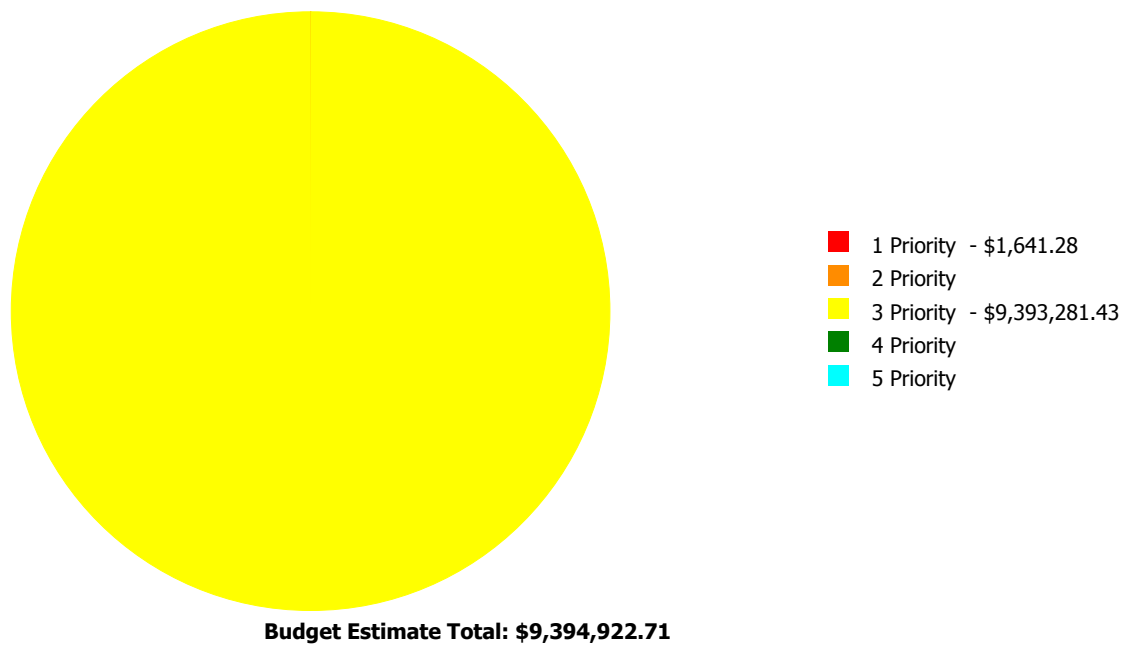
Current Investment Requirement and Condition by Unifomat Classification

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI%	FCI %	Current Repair
A10 - Foundations	86.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	86.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	67.98 %	0.04 %	\$1,641.28
B30 - Roofing	15.60 %	88.84 %	\$3,124,938.09
C10 - Interior Construction	70.50 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	40.87 %	14.05 %	\$585,770.00
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	53.33 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	23.94 %	53.70 %	\$3,285,250.00
D40 - Fire Protection	53.33 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	43.54 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E10 - Equipment	30.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E20 - Furnishings	30.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
F10 - Special Construction	44.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G20 - Site Improvements	18.86 %	46.88 %	\$1,648,740.49
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	36.29 %	53.42 %	\$629,732.02
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	53.06 %	20.03 %	\$118,850.83
Totals:	41.80 %	25.98 %	\$9,394,922.71

Condition Deficiency Priority

Facility Name	Gross Area (S.F.)	FCI %	1 Priority	2 Priority	3 Priority	4 Priority	5 Priority
2001 Building	161,263	22.66	\$1,641.28	\$0.00	\$6,995,958.09	\$0.00	\$0.00
Site	161,263	45.32	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,397,323.34	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:		25.98	\$1,641.28	\$0.00	\$9,393,281.43	\$0.00	\$0.00

Deficiencies By Priority



Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Middle School
Gross Area (SF):	161,263
Year Built:	2001
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$30,874,324
Repair Cost:	\$6,997,599.37
Total FCI:	22.66 %
Total RSLI:	44.41 %
FCA Score:	77.34



Description:

Freedom Middle School is a one-story building located at 505 South Hairston Road in Stone Mountain, Georgia. Originally built in 2001, there have been no additions or major renovations. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Building Codes:	4010	Fire Sprinkler System:	Yes
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Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	86.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
A20 - Basement Construction	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	86.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	67.98 %	0.04 %	\$1,641.28
B30 - Roofing	15.60 %	88.84 %	\$3,124,938.09
C10 - Interior Construction	70.50 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C20 - Stairs	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	40.87 %	14.05 %	\$585,770.00
D10 - Conveying	0.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	53.33 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	23.94 %	53.70 %	\$3,285,250.00
D40 - Fire Protection	53.33 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D50 - Electrical	43.54 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E10 - Equipment	30.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E20 - Furnishings	30.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
F10 - Special Construction	44.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	44.41 %	22.66 %	\$6,997,599.37

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). South Elevation - Main Entrance - Jun 26, 2015



2). South Elevation - Jun 26, 2015



3). East Elevation - Jun 26, 2015



4). Northeast Elevation - Jun 26, 2015



5). Northwest Elevation - Jun 26, 2015



6). West Elevation - Jun 26, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

School Assessment Report - 2001 Building

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$1.63	S.F.	161,263	100	2001	2101		86.00 %	0.00 %	86			\$262,859
A1020	Special Foundations	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$3.56	S.F.	161,263	100	2001	2101		86.00 %	0.00 %	86			\$574,096
A2010	Basement Excavation	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
A2020	Basement Walls	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1010	Floor Construction	\$0.00	S.F.	0	100				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B1020	Roof Construction	\$7.88	S.F.	161,263	100	2001	2101		86.00 %	0.00 %	86			\$1,270,752
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$15.93	S.F.	161,263	60	2001	2061		76.67 %	0.00 %	46			\$2,568,920
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$8.60	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$1,386,862
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.84	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	1.21 %	16		\$1,641.28	\$135,461
B3010	Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - BUR	\$20.70	S.F.	137,070	25	2001	2026	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$3,121,084.00	\$2,837,349
B3010	Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
B3010	Roof Coverings Standing Seam Metal	\$27.45	S.F.	24,193	75	2001	2076		81.33 %	0.00 %	61			\$664,098
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.10	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	23.90 %	16		\$3,854.09	\$16,126
C1010	Partitions	\$7.91	S.F.	161,263	100	2001	2101		86.00 %	0.00 %	86			\$1,275,590
C1020	Interior Doors	\$2.26	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$364,454
C1030	Fittings	\$2.07	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$333,814
C2010	Stair Construction	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$1.93	S.F.	161,263	10	2001	2011		0.00 %	110.00 %	-4		\$342,361.00	\$311,238
C3010	Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$8.50	S.F.	26,033	8	2001	2009		0.00 %	110.00 %	-6		\$243,409.00	\$221,281
C3020	Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$14.49	S.F.	13,217	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$191,514
C3020	Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$20.63	S.F.	1,920	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$39,610
C3020	Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$53.01	S.F.	29,842	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$1,581,924
C3020	Floor Finishes - VCT	\$9.54	S.F.	76,687	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$731,594
C3020	Floor Finishes - Wood	\$9.73	S.F.	11,750	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$114,328
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$6.06	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$977,254
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$8.13	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$1,311,068
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$3.84	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$619,250
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$4.33	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$698,269

School Assessment Report - 2001 Building

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.92	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$148,362
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0.25	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$40,316
D2090	Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0.77	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$124,173
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$4.55	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$733,747
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$4.73	S.F.	161,263	25	2001	2026		44.00 %	0.00 %	11			\$762,774
D3040	Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$5.51	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$888,559
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$18.52	S.F.	161,263	15	2001	2016	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$3,285,250.00	\$2,986,591
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$3.57	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$575,709
D3090	Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$1.06	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$170,939
D4010	Sprinklers	\$4.13	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$666,016
D4020	Standpipes	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$1.73	S.F.	161,263	40	2001	2041		65.00 %	0.00 %	26			\$278,985
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$5.53	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$891,784
D5020	Lighting	\$8.36	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$1,348,159
D5030	Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$1.44	S.F.	161,263	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$232,219
D5030	Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$3.33	S.F.	161,263	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$537,006
D5030	Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$1.21	S.F.	161,263	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$195,128
D5090	Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0.84	S.F.	161,263	20	2015	2035		100.00 %	0.00 %	20			\$135,461
E1010	Commercial Equipment	\$0.00	S.F.	0	0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$0.33	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$53,217
E1090	Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$3.13	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$504,753
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$6.57	S.F.	161,263	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$1,059,498
F1010	Special Structures - Canopies	\$0.33	S.F.	161,263	25	2001	2026		44.00 %	0.00 %	11			\$53,217
Total									44.41 %	22.66 %			\$6,997,599.37	\$30,874,324

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$6,997,599	\$1,966,385	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,602,678	\$0	\$308,343	\$0	\$460,105	\$14,335,110
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1020 - Special Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A20 - Basement Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2010 - Basement Excavation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A2020 - Basement Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$1,641	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,641
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Asphalt Shingles	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - BUR	\$3,121,084	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,121,084
B3010 - Roof Coverings - EPDM	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings - Preformed Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings Standing Seam Metal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$3,854	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,854
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

School Assessment Report - 2001 Building

C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$438,451	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$438,451
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Ceramic & Glazed	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint	\$342,361	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$460,105	\$802,466
C3010 - Wall Finishes - Wall Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$243,409	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$308,343	\$0	\$0	\$551,752
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Ceramic & Quarry Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Neoprene	\$0	\$44,878	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$44,878
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Terrazzo	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020 - Floor Finishes - VCT	\$0	\$828,896	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$828,896
C3020 - Floor Finishes - Wood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,283,581	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,283,581
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Acid Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2090 - Other Plumbing Systems - Natural Gas	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution Systems & Exhaust Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$3,285,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,285,250
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$756,169	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$756,169

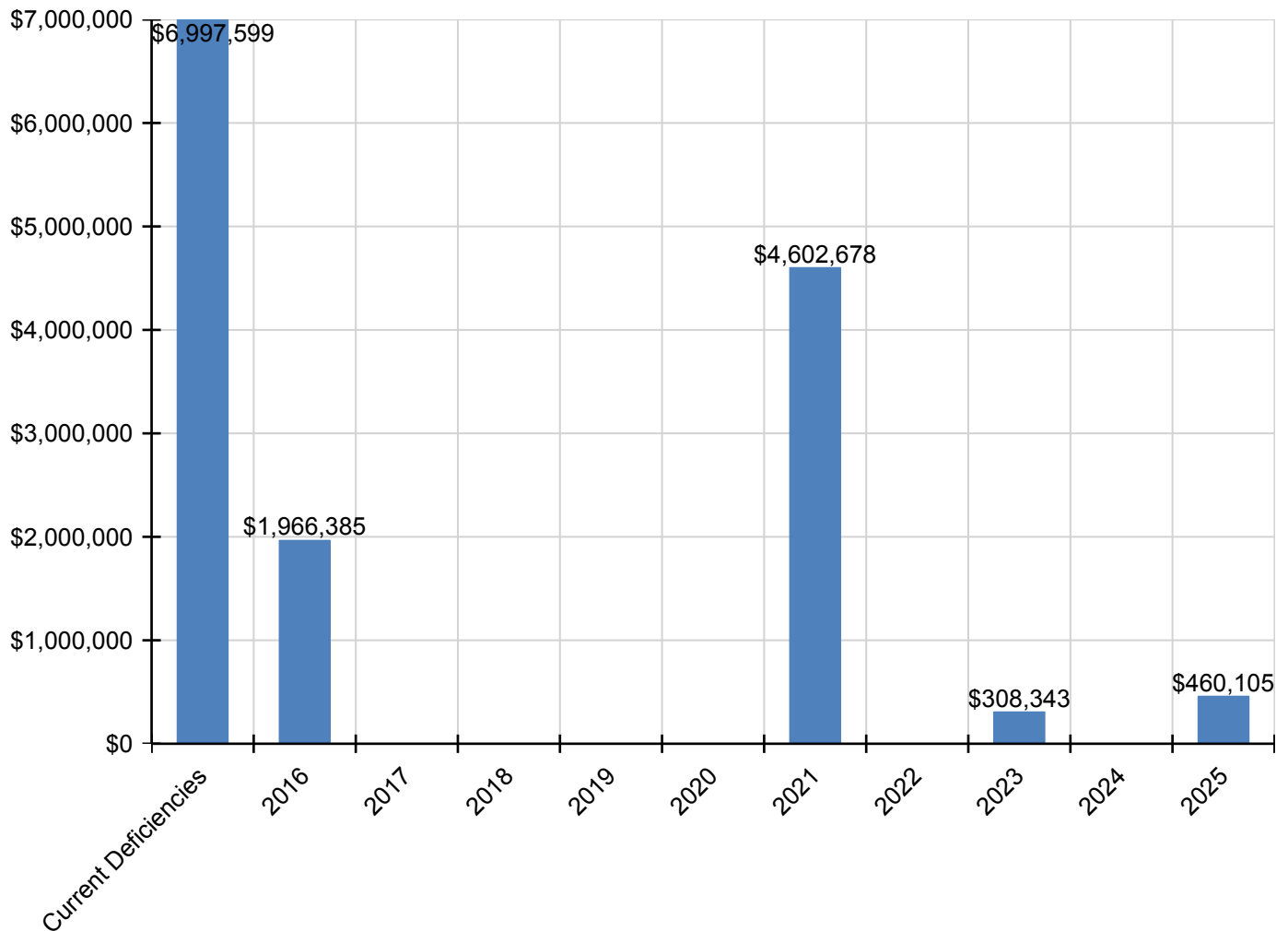
School Assessment Report - 2001 Building

D3090 - Other HVAC Systems/Equip - Kitchen Hood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5030 - Communications and Security - Fire Alarm	\$0	\$263,104	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$263,104
D5030 - Communications and Security - PA & Clock Systems	\$0	\$608,427	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$608,427
D5030 - Communications and Security - Security & CCTV	\$0	\$221,080	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$221,080
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems - Emergency Generator	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1010 - Commercial Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$69,897	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$69,897
E1090 - Other Equipment - Kitchen Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$662,972	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$662,972
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,391,606	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,391,606
F - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F10 - Special Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
F1010 - Special Structures - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

* Indicates non-renewable system

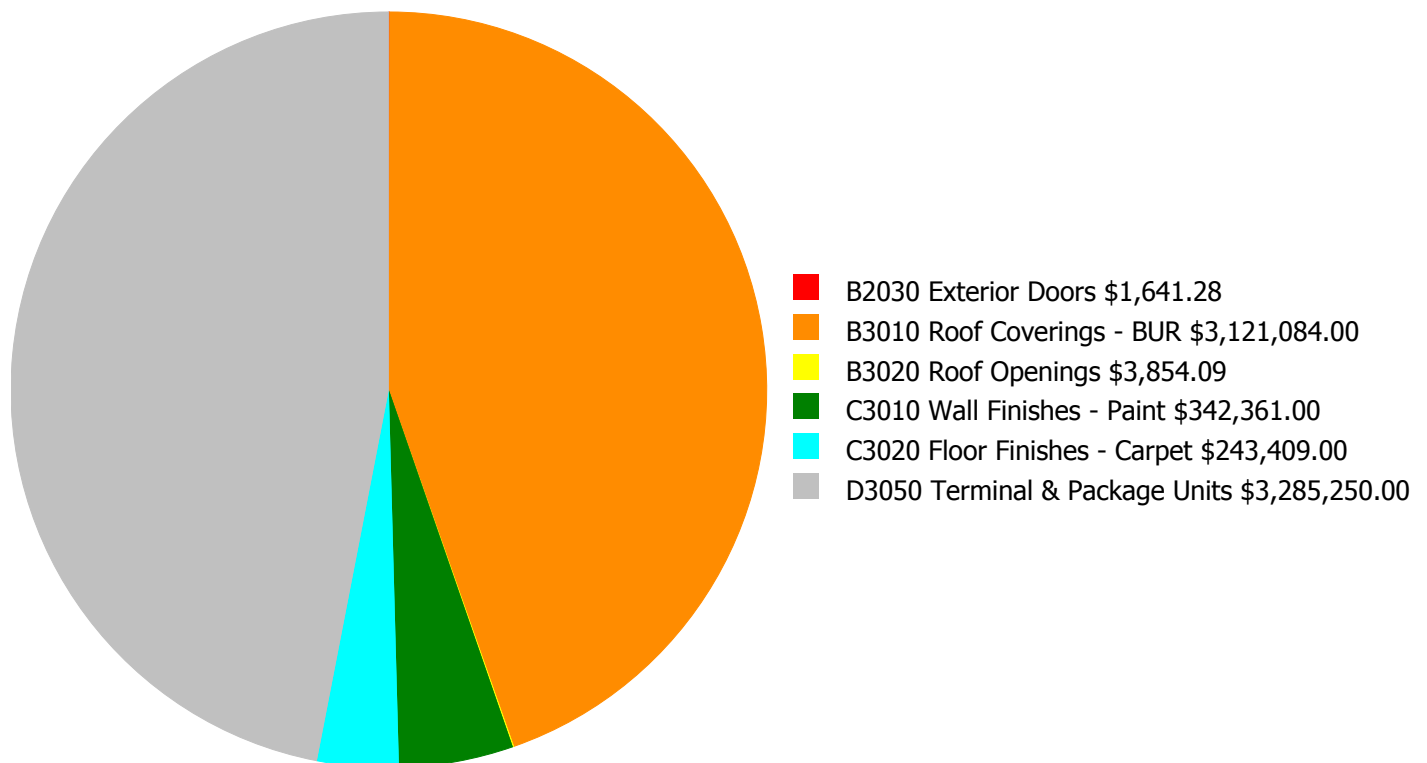
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

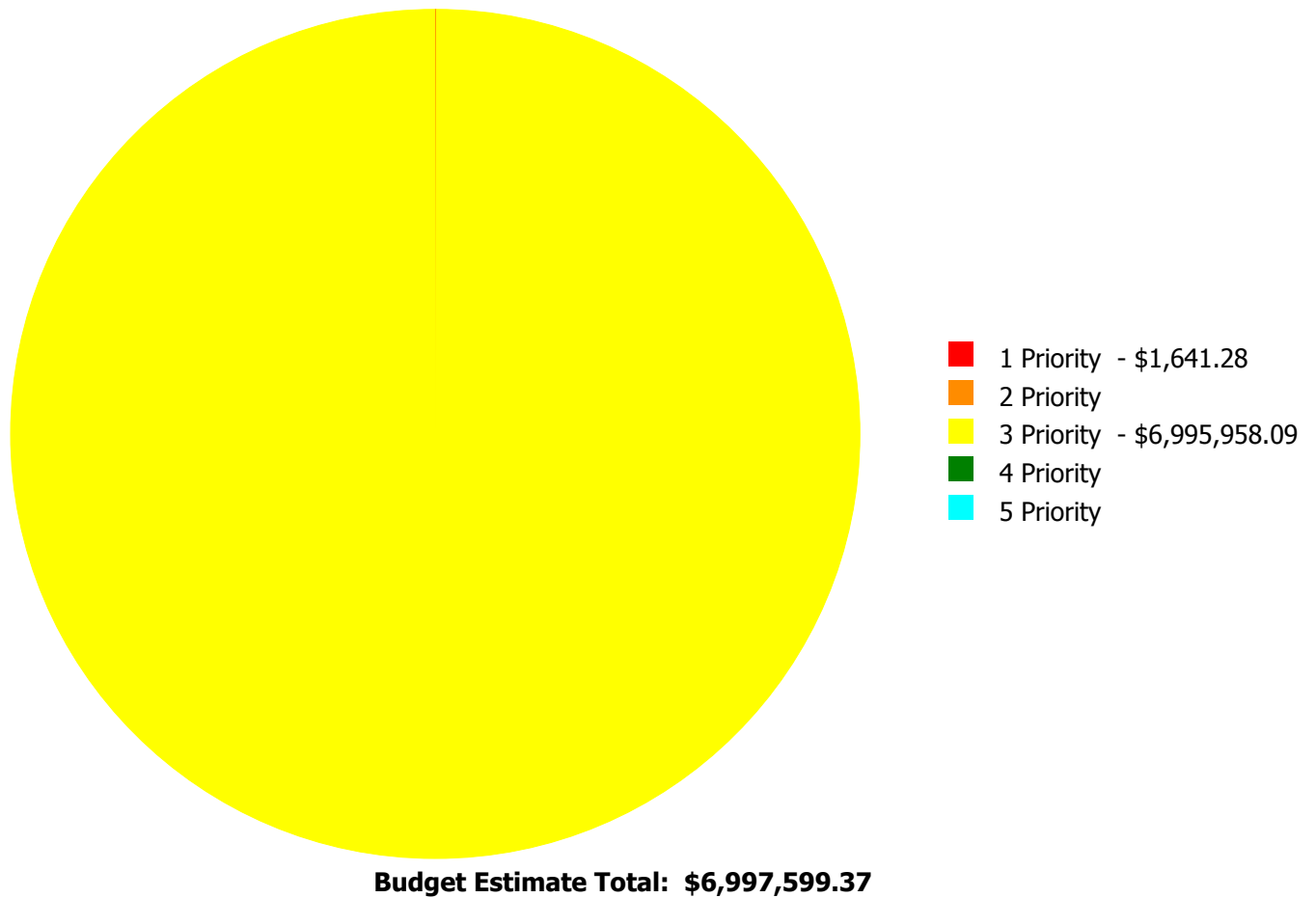
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$6,997,599.37

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

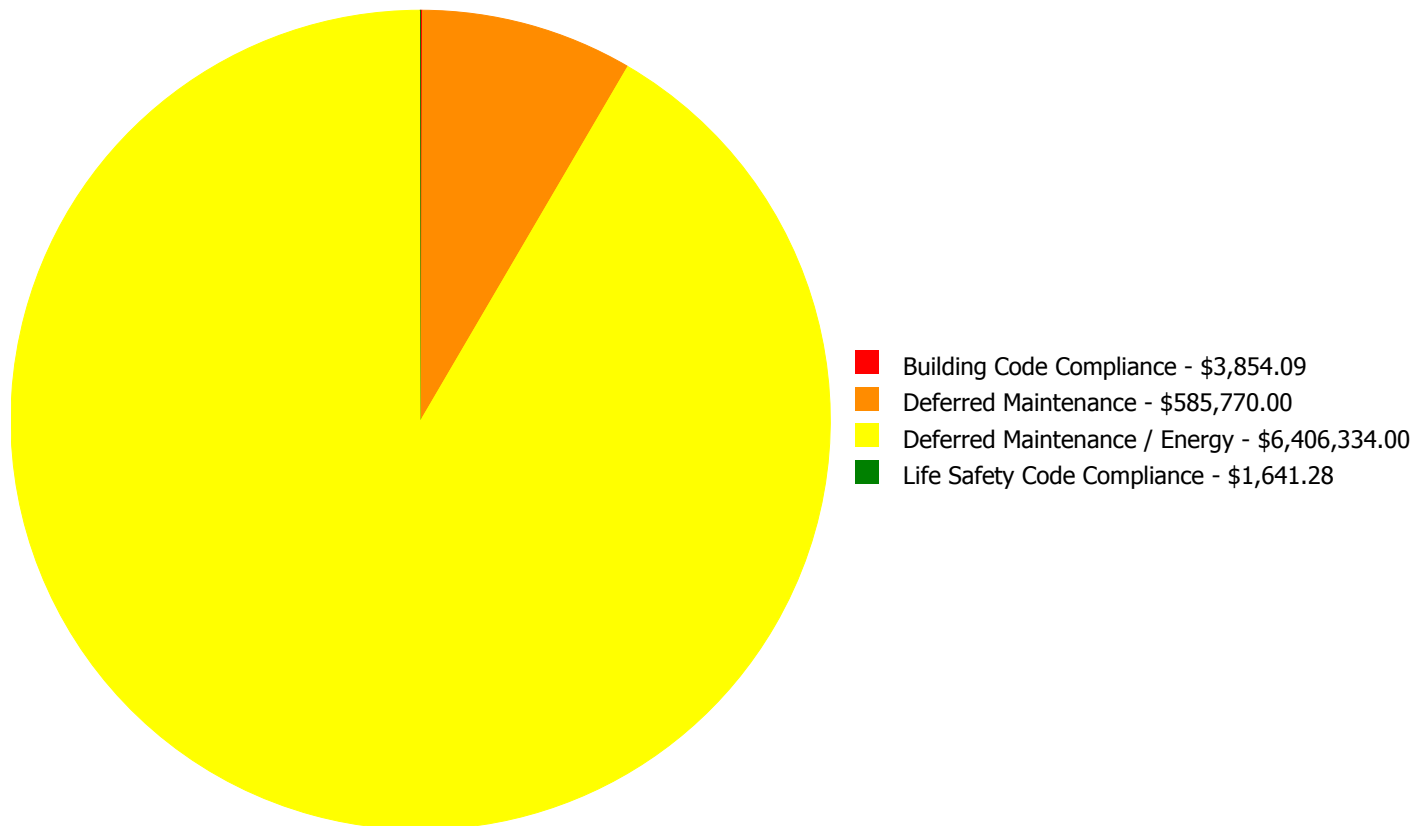
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards.
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$1,641.28	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,641.28
B3010	Roof Coverings - BUR	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,121,084.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,121,084.00
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,854.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,854.09
C3010	Wall Finishes - Paint	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$342,361.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$342,361.00
C3020	Floor Finishes - Carpet	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$243,409.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$243,409.00
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,285,250.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$3,285,250.00
Total:		\$1,641.28	\$0.00	\$6,995,958.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6,997,599.37

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$6,997,599.37

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 1 Priority:

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Location: 403 Art Lab

Distress: Missing

Category: Life Safety Code Compliance

Priority: 1 Priority

Correction: Replace door panic device

Qty: 1.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$1,641.28

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: Emergency exit door does not have a panic hardware device installed.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: B3010 - Roof Coverings - BUR



Location: Roof

Distress: Damaged

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Energy

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 137,070.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$3,121,084.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: The built-up roof covering is in poor condition, with severe bubbling, deteriorated flashing, inadequate slope towards the roof drains, ponding water, and reported leaks in different areas. SPLOST project 312-422 to perform detailed roof study by April 2017.

System: B3020 - Roof Openings



Location: Roof

Distress: Inadequate

Category: Building Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Replace roof hatch and structure single unit

Qty: 2.00

Unit of Measure: Ea.

Estimate: \$3,854.09

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 09/14/2015

Notes: The roof hatches do not comply with OSHA standards; roof opening protection and proper extension of fixed ladder to platform is not provided.

System: C3010 - Wall Finishes - Paint



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 161,263.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

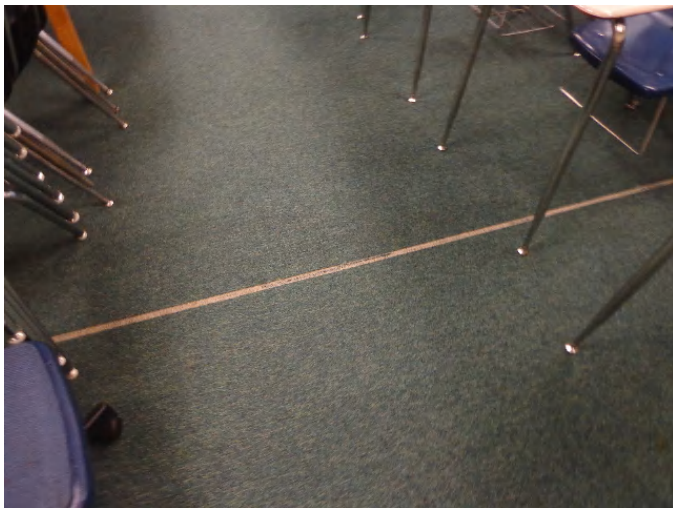
Estimate: \$342,361.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The painted wall finishes are beyond their expected service life, scuffed and stained, and should be renewed.

System: C3020 - Floor Finishes - Carpet



Location: Offices, Music, Media Center, Labs, and Special Ed

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 26,033.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$243,409.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 04/11/2015

Notes: The carpet is beyond its expected service life, stained torn in areas, and should be replaced.

System: D3050 - Terminal & Package Units



Location: Throughout Building

Distress: Beyond Service Life

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Energy

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 161,263.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$3,285,250.00

Assessor Name: Ben Nixon

Date Created: 07/08/2015

Notes: Terminal and package units are nearing the end of their expected service life, in poor condition, and should be scheduled for replacement.

Executive Summary

Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Replacement Value** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as $100 - \text{Total FCI}$ (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Middle School
Gross Area (SF):	161,263
Year Built:	2001
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$5,289,242
Repair Cost:	\$2,397,323.34
Total FCI:	45.32 %
Total RSLI:	26.58 %
FCA Score:	54.68



Description:

The Freedom Middle School site was originally constructed in 2001, has a total area of 62.4 acres, and is occupied by approximately 161,263 square feet of permanent building space. Campus site features include paved driveways and parking lots, pedestrian pavement, flag pole, landscaping, and fencing. Site mechanical and electrical features include water, sewer, natural gas, and site lighting. This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2015 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA). Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for the site features.

Attributes:

General Attributes:

Site Code: 1235

Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT classification Level II. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
G20 - Site Improvements	18.86 %	46.88 %	\$1,648,740.49
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	36.29 %	53.42 %	\$629,732.02
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	53.06 %	20.03 %	\$118,850.83
Totals:	26.58 %	45.32 %	\$2,397,323.34

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal directions of the building.

1). Aerial Image of Freedom Middle School - Jun 26, 2015



2). Covered Walkways - Jun 26, 2015



3). Tennis Courts - Jun 26, 2015



4). Football Field - Jun 26, 2015



5). Tracks - Jun 26, 2015



6). Softball Field - Jun 26, 2015



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
5. Qty: The quantity for the system.
6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment).
14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
G2010	Roadways	\$5.17	S.F.	158,751	25	2001	2026	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$902,816.94	\$820,743
G2020	Parking Lots	\$4.56	S.F.	37,013	25	2001	2026	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$185,657.21	\$168,779
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$1.50	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$241,895
G2040	Baseball Field	\$8.35	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Canopies	\$0.29	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Covered Walkways	\$48.72	S.F.	3,180	25	2001	2026		44.00 %	0.00 %	11			\$154,930
G2040	Fencing & Guardrails	\$0.91	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$146,749
G2040	Football Field	\$5.85	S.F.	107,385	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$628,202
G2040	Hard Surface Play Area	\$6.26	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Playing Field	\$3.92	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Soccer/Lacross Field	\$5.00	S.F.		0				0.00 %	0.00 %				\$0
G2040	Softball Field	\$8.86	S.F.	69,131	20	2001	2021		30.00 %	0.00 %	6			\$612,501
G2040	Tennis Courts	\$18.47	S.F.	13,505	20	2001	2021	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$274,381.09	\$249,437
G2040	Track	\$7.04	S.F.	36,917	10	2001	2011		0.00 %	110.00 %	-4		\$285,885.25	\$259,896
G2050	Landscaping	\$1.45	S.F.	161,263	15	2001	2016		6.67 %	0.00 %	1			\$233,831
G3010	Water Supply	\$1.83	S.F.	161,263	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$295,111
G3020	Sanitary Sewer	\$1.15	S.F.	161,263	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$185,452
G3030	Storm Sewer	\$3.55	S.F.	161,263	50	2001	2051	2015	0.00 %	110.00 %	0		\$629,732.02	\$572,484
G3060	Fuel Distribution	\$0.78	S.F.	161,263	40	2001	2041		65.00 %	0.00 %	26			\$125,785
G4010	Electrical Distribution	\$1.86	S.F.	161,263	50	2001	2051		72.00 %	0.00 %	36			\$299,949
G4020	Site Lighting	\$1.15	S.F.	161,263	30	2001	2031		53.33 %	0.00 %	16			\$185,452
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.67	S.F.	161,263	10	2001	2011		0.00 %	110.00 %	-4		\$118,850.83	\$108,046
Total									26.58 %	45.32 %			\$2,397,323.34	\$5,289,242

Renewal Schedule

eComet forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the system listing. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

School Assessment Report - Site

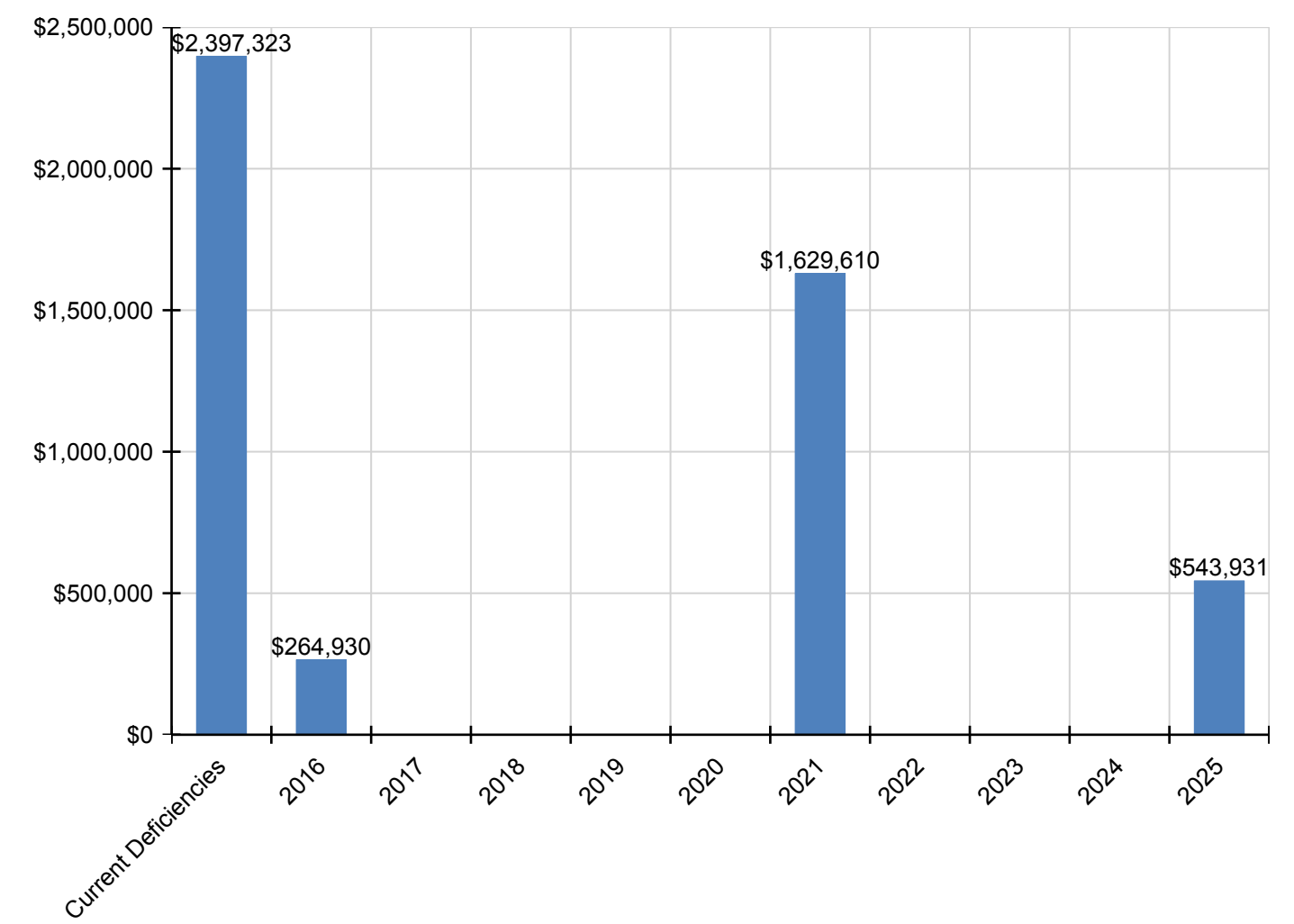
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Total:	\$2,397,323	\$264,930	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,629,610	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$543,931	\$4,835,795
G - Building Sitework	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G20 - Site Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2010 - Roadways	\$902,817	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$902,817
G2020 - Parking Lots	\$185,657	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$185,657
G2030 - Pedestrian Paving	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Baseball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Canopies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Covered Walkways	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Fencing & Guardrails	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Football Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$825,116	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$825,116
G2040 - Hard Surface Play Area	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Playing Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Soccer/Lacross Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Softball Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$804,494	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$804,494
G2040 - Tennis Courts	\$274,381	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$274,381
G2040 - Track	\$285,885	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$384,206	\$670,091
G2050 - Landscaping	\$0	\$264,930	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$264,930
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3010 - Water Supply	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3020 - Sanitary Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3030 - Storm Sewer	\$629,732	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$629,732
G3060 - Fuel Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4010 - Electrical Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4020 - Site Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4030 - Site Communications & Security	\$118,851	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$159,726	\$278,577

* Indicates non-renewable system

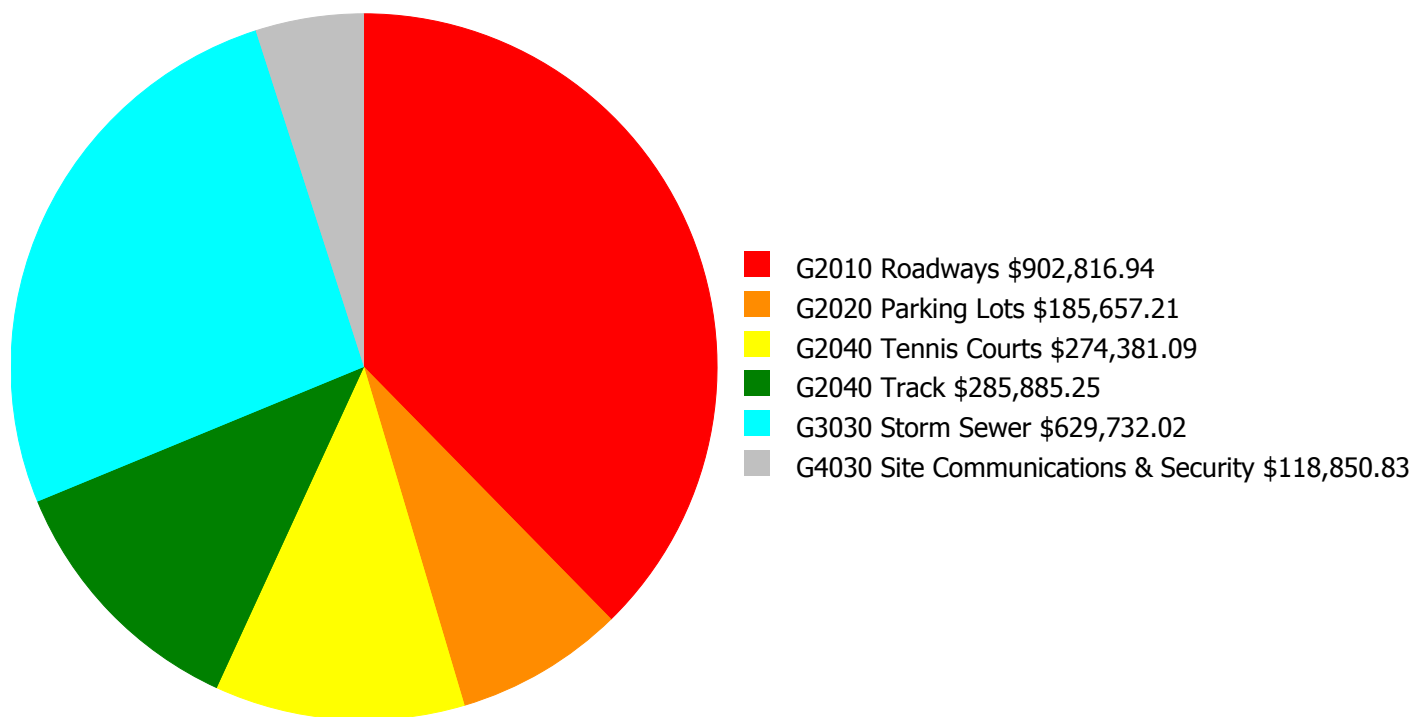
Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and the forecasted capital renewal (system replacement) requirements over the next ten years.



Deficiency Summary by System

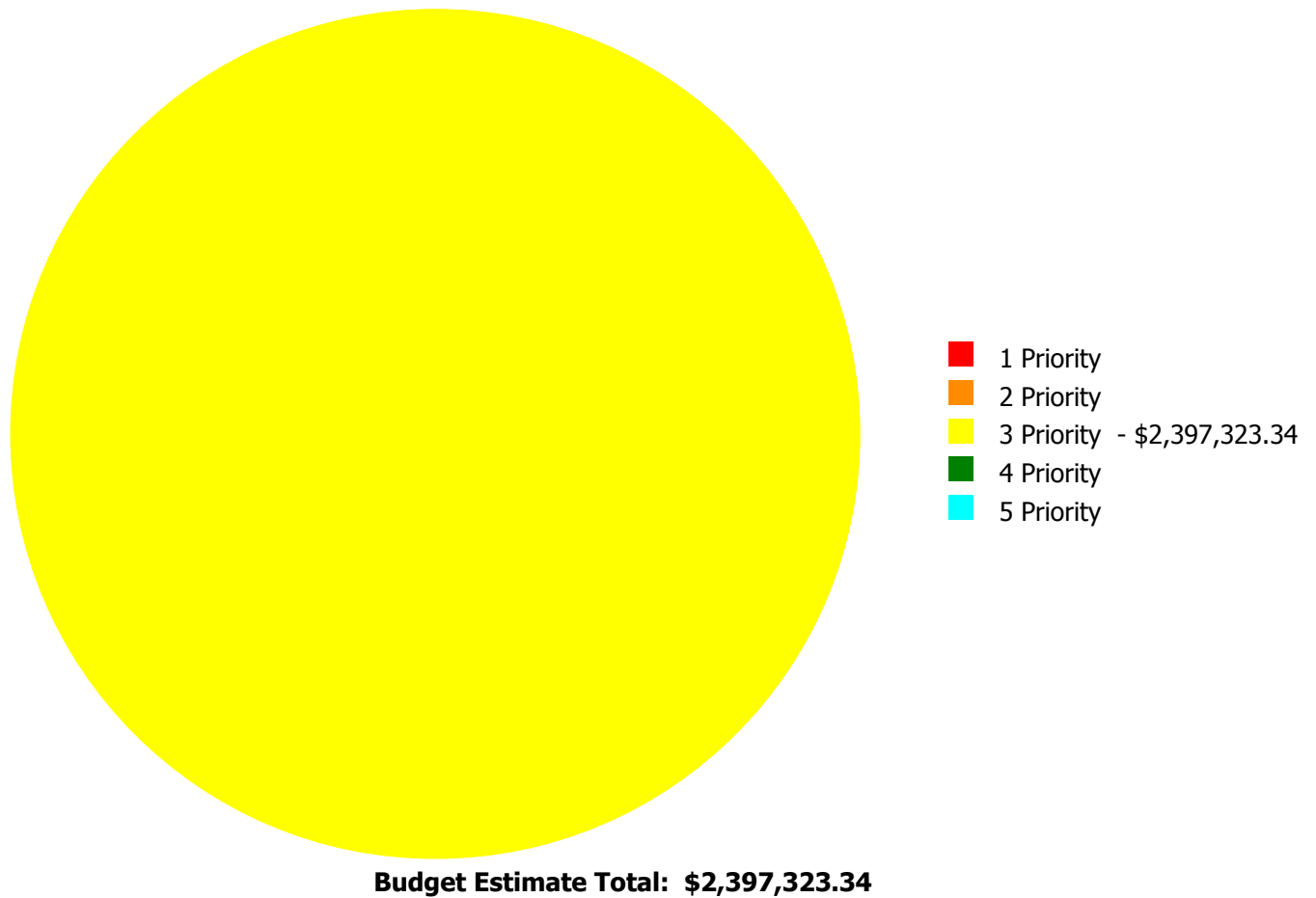
Current deficiencies include assemblies that have reached or exceed their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Service Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility broken down by UNIFORMAT system.



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,397,323.34

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

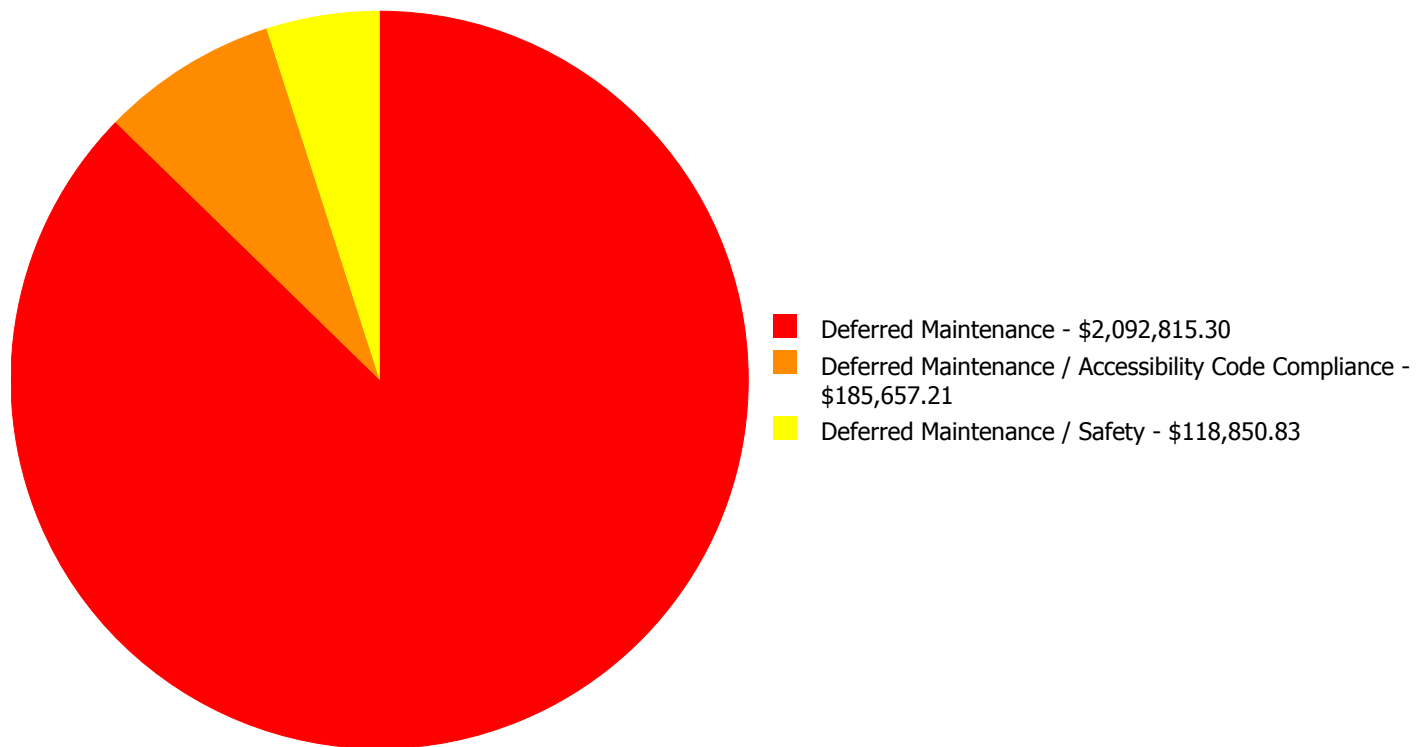
The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

- **Priority 1** deficiencies require immediate review to correct a potential life/safety hazard, stop accelerated deterioration, or return a facility to operation.
- **Priority 2** deficiencies could become a Priority 1 deficiency, if not corrected within the next 2-3 years. These include intermittent operations, rapid deterioration, or potential life/safety hazards.
- **Priority 3** deficiencies require appropriate attention to preclude predictable deterioration or potential downtime and the associated damage or higher costs if deferred further and not completed within the next 3-5 years.
- **Priority 4** deficiencies represent a sensible improvement to existing conditions. The recommended improvements are not required for the basic functionality of the facility; however addressing these deficiencies will improve overall usability and/or reduce long term maintenance costs. Repairs for these deficiencies may be budgeted and scheduled for completion within the next 5-7 years.
- **Priority 5** deficiencies will include conditions that have no impact on the function or usability of the facility, such as appearance. No action is required for these deficiencies, but they are tracked since they may require future inspection or be completed as part of related repairs in contiguous areas of the facility.

System Code	System Description	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4	Priority 5	Total
G2010	Roadways	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$902,816.94	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$902,816.94
G2020	Parking Lots	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$185,657.21	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$185,657.21
G2040	Tennis Courts	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$274,381.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$274,381.09
G2040	Track	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$285,885.25	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$285,885.25
G3030	Storm Sewer	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$629,732.02	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$629,732.02
G4030	Site Communications & Security	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$118,850.83	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$118,850.83
Total:		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,397,323.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,397,323.34

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$2,397,323.34

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 Priority:

System: G2010 - Roadways



Location: Site

Distress: Damaged

Category: Deferred Maintenance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 158,751.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$902,816.94

Assessor Name: Sam Mandola

Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: The roadways are damaged, with many cracks and potholes, and are scheduled for patch/repair/replacement under SPLOST project 312-422 by November 2016.

System: G2020 - Parking Lots



Location: Site

Distress: Damaged

Category: Deferred Maintenance / Accessibility Code Compliance

Priority: 3 Priority

Correction: Renew System

Qty: 37,013.00

Unit of Measure: S.F.

Estimate: \$185,657.21

Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez

Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: The parking lot is damaged, with many cracks and should be repaved and re-striped. The parking area has sufficient ADA parking spaces; however, signage is not visible and/or missing and should be provided per ADA standards.

System: G2040 - Tennis Courts



Location: Site
Distress: Beyond Service Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 Priority
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 13,505.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$274,381.09
Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez
Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: The tennis courts are in poor condition, with many cracks, and should be replaced.

System: G2040 - Track



Location: Site
Distress: Beyond Service Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 Priority
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 36,917.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$285,885.25
Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez
Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: The track is beyond its expected service life, in poor condition, and should be replaced.

System: G3030 - Storm Sewer



Location: Site Courtyard
Distress: Beyond Service Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 Priority
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 161,263.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$629,732.02
Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez
Date Created: 06/28/2015

Notes: There are severe problems with ponding water and flooding which originates from the courtyard area. An engineering study and corrective action is required.

System: G4030 - Site Communications & Security



Location: Site
Distress: Beyond Service Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance / Safety
Priority: 3 Priority
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 161,263.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$118,850.83
Assessor Name: Eduardo Lopez
Date Created: 06/26/2015

Notes: Site communications and security systems are beyond their expected service life and should be scheduled for replacement. Additional security cameras and a buzzer system for entrance should be added.

Glossary

Abandoned	A facility owned by a district that is not occupied and not maintained. See Vacant.
Additional Cost	Total project cost is composed of hard and soft costs. Additional costs or soft expenses are costs that are necessary to accomplish the corrective work but are not directly attributable to the deficient systems direct construction cost, which are often referred to as hard cost. The components included in the soft costs vary by owner but usually include architect and contractor fees, contingencies and other owner-incurred costs necessary to fully develop and build a facility. These soft cost factors can be adjusted anytime within the eCOMET® database at the owner's discretion.
Assessment	Visual survey of a facility to determine its condition. It involves looking at the age of systems, reviewing information from local sources and visual evidence of potential problems to assign a condition rating. It does not include destructive testing of materials or testing of systems or equipment for functionality.
ASTM	ASTM International (ASTM): Originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials, ASTM is an international standards organization that develops and publishes voluntary consensus technical standards for a wide range of materials, products, systems, and services.
BOMA	Building Owners Managers of America (BOMA): National organization of public and private facility owners focused on building management tools and maintenance techniques. eCOMET® reference: Building and component system effective economic life expectancies.
Building	A fully enclosed and roofed structure that can be traversed internally without exiting to the exterior.
Building Addition	An area, space or component of a building added to a building after the original building's year built date. NOTE: As a convention in the database, "Main" was used to designate the original building. Additions built prior to 1983 (30 years) were included in the main building area calculations to reflect their predicted system depreciation characteristics and remaining service life.
Building Systems	eCOMET® uses UNIFORMAT II to organize building data. UNIFORMAT II was originally developed by the federal General Services Administration to delineate building costs by systems rather than by material. UNIFORMAT II was formalized by an NIST standard, NISTIR 6389 in 1999. It has been further quantified and updated by ASTM standard 2005, E1557-05. The Construction Specifications Institute, CSI, has taken over the standard as part of their MasterFormat / MasterSpec system.
Calculated Next Renewal	The year a system or building element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it was installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system.
Capital Renewal	Capital renewal refers to the cyclical replacement of building systems or elements as they become obsolete or beyond their useful life. It is not normally included in an annual operating/maintenance budget. See calculated next renewal and next renewal.
City Cost Index (CCI)	RS Means provides building system, equipment, and construction costs at a national level. The City Cost Index (also provided by RS Means) localizes those costs to a geographic region of the United States. In eCOMET®, each building or site is assigned a City Cost Index, which adjusts all of the associated costs for systems, deficiencies and inventory to the local value.
Condition	Condition refers to the state of physical fitness or readiness of a facility system or system element for its intended use.
Condition Budget	The Condition Budget, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work.

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Condition Index (CI) %	The Condition Index (CI) also known as the Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) Value divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100.00% (new) to 0.00% (expired - no remaining life).
Construction Specifications Institute	Construction Specifications Institute: Primary national organization specializing in construction materials data and data location in construction documents. eCOMET® reference: UNIFORMAT II materials classification.
Correction	Correction refers to an assessor's recommended deficiency repair or replacement action. For any system or element deficiency, there can be multiple and alternative solutions for its repair or replacement. A Correction is user defined and tied to a UNIFORMAT II element, or system it is intended to address. It excludes other peripheral costs that may also be included in the packaging of repair, replacement or renewal improvements that may also be triggered by the deficiency correction.
Cost Model	A cost model is a list of facility systems which could represent the installed systems a given facility. Included in the cost model are standard unit cost estimates, gross areas, life cycles and installed dates. Also represented is the repair cost for deficient systems, replacement values. See eCOMET® cost models.
Criteria	Criteria refer to the set of requirements, guidelines or standards that are assessed and rated to develop a score.
Current Period	The Current Period is the current year plus a user defined number of forward years.
Current Replacement Value (CRV)	The Current Replacement Value (CRV) of a facility, building or system represents the hypothetical cost of rebuilding or replacing an existing facility under today's codes and construction standards, using its current configuration. It is calculated by multiplying the gross area of the facility by a square foot cost developed in that facility's cost model. Replacement cost includes construction costs and owner's additional or soft costs for fees, permits and other expenses to reflect a total project cost.
Deferred Maintenance	Deferred maintenance is condition work deferred on a planned or unplanned basis to a future budget cycle or postponed until funds are available.
Deficiency	A deficiency is a repair item that is damaged, missing, inadequate or insufficient for an intended purpose.
Deficiency Category	Deficiency Category refers to the type or class of a user defined deficiency grouping with shared or similar characteristics. Category descriptions include, but are not limited to: Accessibility Code Compliance, Appearance, Building Code Compliance, Deferred Maintenance, Energy, Environmental, Life Safety Code Compliance, and Safety.
Deficiency Distress	Deficiency Distress refers to a user-defined root cause of a deficiency. Distress descriptions are: Beyond Service Life, Damaged, Inadequate, Needs Remediation, and Missing.
Deficiency Priority	Deficiency Priority refers to a deficiency's urgency for repair as determined by the assessment team. Deficiencies were assigned a priority of 1 through 5, with Priority 1 deficiencies being the most urgent.
eCOMET®	Energy and Condition Management Estimation Technology (eCOMET®) is Parsons proprietary facility asset management software developed to provide facility managers with a state of the art, web-based tool to develop and maintain a comprehensive database of FCA data and information used for facility asset management, maintenance and repair, and capital renewal planning. eCOMET® is used by Parsons and its clients as the primary tool for collecting FCA data, preparing cost estimates, generating individual facility reports and cost estimates, and developing the overall capital renewal program.

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eCOMET® Cost Models	eCOMET® cost models are derived from RS Means Square Foot Cost Data cost models and these models are used to develop the current replacement value (CRV) and assign life cycle costs to the various systems within a building. Cost models are assigned current costs-per-square-foot to establish replacement values. The Cost models are designed to represent a client specific facility that meets local standards cost trends.
Element	Elements are the major components that comprise building systems as defined by UNIFORMAT II.
Expected Life	Also referred to as Useful Life. See Useful Life definition.
Facility	A facility refers to site(s), building(s), or building addition(s), or combinations thereof that provide a particular service or support of an educational purpose.
Facility Attributes	Customizable eCOMET® fields to identify attributes specific to a facility. These fields are part of the eCOMET® database set-up with the owner.
Facility Condition Assessment (FCA)	A facility condition assessment (FCA) is a visual inspection of buildings and grounds at a facility to identify and estimate current and future needed repairs or replacements of major systems for planning and budgeting purposes. It is typically performed for organizations that are tasked with the day to day maintenance, operation, and capital renewal (replacement) of building systems and components of a large inventory of facilities. The primary goal of an FCA is to objectively and quantifiably identify, inspect, and prioritize the repair and replacement needs of the building and ground systems (e.g., roofs, windows, doors, floor finishes, plumbing fixtures, parking lot, and sidewalks) within facilities that have either failed or have surpassed their service life, and to identify and forecast future capital replacement needs for systems that have not yet failed, but planned replacement of those systems is needed to ensure that the facilities will continue to meet the mission of the organization.
Facility Condition Index (FCI)	FCI is an industry-standard measurement of a facility's condition expressed as a percentage from 0.00% to 100.00% that is derived by dividing the cost to correct a facility's deficiencies by its Current Replacement Value (CRV). The higher the FCI the poorer the condition of a facility. After an FCI is established for all buildings within a portfolio, a building's condition can be ranked relative to other buildings. The FCI may also represent the condition of a portfolio based on the cumulative FCIs of the portfolio's facilities.
Forecast Period	The Forecast Period refers to a user defined number of years forward of the Current Period.
Gen (Generate)	The Cost Model has a Gen box for each system line item. By checking the box, eCOMET® will generate life cycle deficiencies based on the Year Installed and the Life for that system. Systems that typically do not re-generate (foundations, floor construction, roof construction, basement walls, etc.) would not have the Gen box checked as those systems would not re-generate at the end of a life cycle. In those instances, it would be more practical and cost effective to demolish the entire facility than renew those systems.
Gross Square Feet (GSF)	The area of the enclosed floor space of a building or building addition in square feet measured to the outside face of the enclosing wall.
Life cycle	Life cycle refers to the period of time that a building or site system or element can be expected to adequately serve its intended function. Parsons assigns expected life cycles to all building systems based on Building Operators and Managers of America (BOMA) recommended life cycles, manufacturers suggested life, and RS Means cost data, and client-provided historical data. BOMA standards are a nationally recognized source of life cycle data for various components and/or systems associated with facilities. RS Means is a national company specializing in construction estimating and costs.
Next Renewal	Next Renewal refers to a manually-adjusted expected useful life of a system or element based on on-site inspection either by reducing or extending the Calculated Next Renewal to more accurately reflect current conditions.

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Order of Magnitude	Order of Magnitude refers to a rough approximation made with a degree of knowledge and confidence that the budgeted, projected or estimated cost falls within a reasonable range of cost values.
Remaining Service Life (RSL)	RSL is the number of years of service remaining for a system or equipment item. It is automatically calculated based on the difference between the current year and the Calculated Next Renewal date or the Next Renewal date whichever one is the later date.
Renewal Factors	Renewal factors represent the difference in cost of renovating or replacing an existing system, rather than new construction of a building system. For example, installing a new built-up roof on an existing building would include removing and disposing of the old roof, a cost not associated with new construction. Using a renewal premium to account for demolition and other difficulty costs, Parsons typically assigns a renewal factor of 110%.
Renewal Schedule	A timeline by year that indicates when the systems will need to be renewed and the estimated price of the renewal.
Repair Cost	Repair cost is the sum of all the deficiencies associated with a building or multiple buildings/facilities. It will include any applied soft costs or City Cost Indexes.
Replacement Value	See Current Replacement Value.
Site	A facility's grounds and its utilities, roadways, landscaping, fencing and other typical land improvements needed to support a facility.
Soft Costs	Soft Costs are a construction industry term that refers to expense items that are not considered direct construction costs. Soft costs are user-defined and include architectural, engineering, management, testing, and mitigation fees, and other owner pre- and post-construction expenses.
Sustainability	Sustainability refers to the collection of policies and strategies that meet society's present needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
System	System refers to building and related site work elements as described by ASTM UNIFORMAT II Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a format for classifying major facility elements common to most buildings. Elements usually perform a given function regardless of the design specification construction method or materials used. See also UNIFORMAT II.
System Generated Deficiency	eCOMET® automatically generates system deficiencies based on system life cycles using the systems installation dates as the base year. By adjusting the Next Renewal date ahead or behind the predicted or stated life cycle date, a system cost will come due earlier or later than the originally installed life cycle date. This utility accounts for good maintenance conditions and a longer life, or early expiration of a system life due to any number of adverse factors such as poor installation, acts of god, material defects, poor design applications and other factors that may shorten the life of a material or system. It is important to mention that the condition of the systems is not necessarily a reflection of maintenance practices, but a combination of system usage and age.
UNIFORMAT	ASTM UNIFORMAT II, Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a publication of the Construction Specification Institute (CSI), is a format used to classify major facility components common to most buildings. The format is based on functional elements or parts of a facility characterized by their functions without regard to the materials and methods used to accomplish them. These elements are often referred to as systems or assemblies.
Unit Price	The Unit Price (Raw) x (100% + the Additional Cost Template percentage).
Unit Price (Raw)	The actual \$/sq. ft cost being used for the building and systems. It will include adjustments for the City Cost Index applied to the facility.

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Useful Life	Also known as Expected Life, Useful Life refers to the intrinsic period of time a system or element is expected to perform as intended. Useful life is generally provided by manufacturers of materials, systems and elements through their literature, testing and experience. Useful Lives in the database are derived from the Building Owners and Managers (BOMA) organization's guidelines, RSMeans cost data, and from client- defined historical experience.
Vacant	Vacant refers to a facility that is not occupied but is a maintained facility by a district. See Abandoned.
Year Built	The year that a building or addition was originally built based on its date of substantial completion or occupancy.
Year Installed	The year a system or element was built or the most recent major renovation date where a minimum of 70% of the system's Current Replacement Value (CRV) was replaced.